

TURCK

Industrial
Automation

CAPACITIVE
SENSORS



Sense it! Connect it! Bus it! Solve it!

S1683/01

Industrielle
Automation

THE COMPANY

Turck is globally one of the leading companies in the field of industrial automation. The family run company has a turnover of nearly 300 million Euros with over 2600 employees in 25 countries as well as agencies in another 60 countries. With superior products and tailored solutions for production and process automation TURCK has been continuously setting new standards for over 40 years.

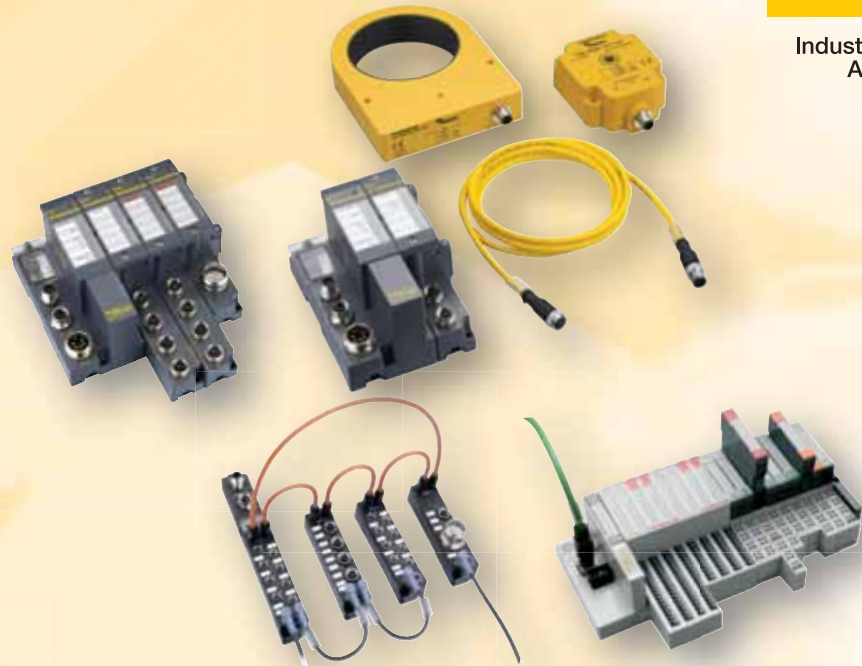
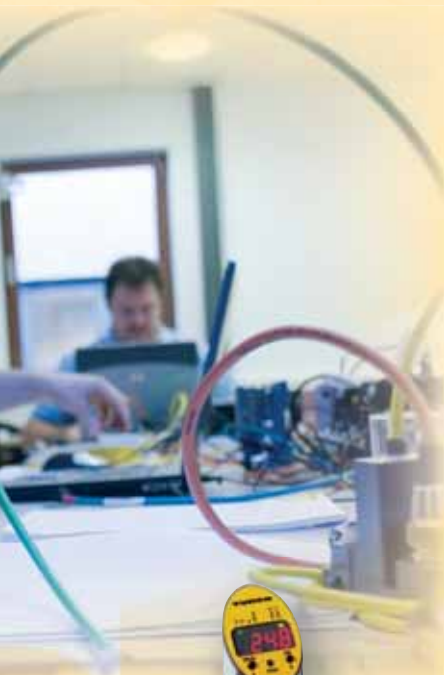
The international focus of the company started as early as 1975 with the founding of TURCK Inc. in Minneapolis, USA.

With state-of-the-art production facilities in Germany, Switzerland, the USA, Mexico and China, TURCK is now able to adapt itself worldwide to local market conditions. Despite the company's international activities, the core competences and central production facilities of the company are in Germany and shall remain so in the future.



TURCK



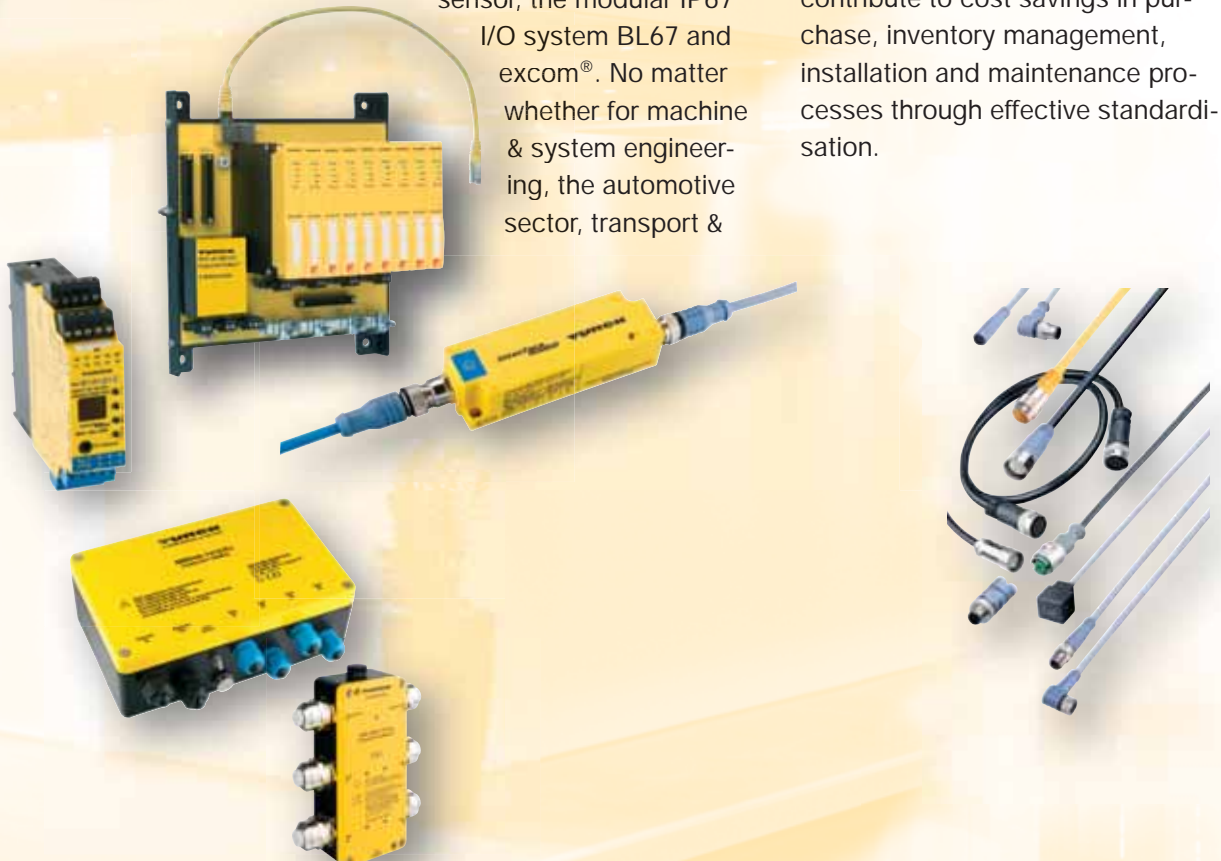


THE PROGRAM

With over 13000 products for sensor, interface, connector and field-bus technology, TURCK offers a comprehensive product range for manufacturing and process automa-

tion. *uprox*[®]+ inductive factor 1 sensor, the modular IP67 I/O system BL67 and *excom*[®]. No matter whether for machine & system engineering, the automotive sector, transport &

handling, food & beverage or for chemical and pharmaceutical industries: TURCK products enhance the availability of your systems by using absolutely reliable technologies. Furthermore, they contribute to cost savings in purchase, inventory management, installation and maintenance processes through effective standardisation.



Capacitive sensors – Type codes

B C F 5 - **M12** - **AP6X2** - **H1141** / **S..**

Nominal switching distance [mm]

Special background suppression
F Filter

Function principle
C Capacitive

Mounting
B Flush
N Non-flush

Special option code

S90 Proximity switch with PUR cable
S100 Extended temperature range up to 100 °C
S250 Preset sensitivity

Factory code

1 Standard wiring

Number of contacts

Mechanical design

1 straight
3 straight with adapter

Connector type

H1 Type M12 x 1
V1 Type M8 x 1
B3 Type 1/2"

AP6X2

Function display

X LED
X2 2 LEDs

Voltage range

4 10...65 VDC

6 10...30 VDC

Output

N npn output

P pnp output
Z 2-wire AC

Function

A Normally open (N.O.)
F Connection programmable
R Normally closed (N.C.)
V Complementary outputs

Y0 DIN EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR)
Y1 NAMUR ATEX approval

M12

Series

CP40	Type (40 x 40)
CP80	Type (80 x 80)
K	Smooth plastic barrel
KT	Smooth teflon barrel
M	Chrome plated brass barrel, Partly threaded
P	Plastic barrel, fully threaded Thread
PT	Teflon barrel, fully threaded
Q	Rectangular plastic housing
QF	Rectangular plastic housing, flat style
Q20L60	Type (20 x 60)
S	Plastic barrel, partly threaded Thread
SR	Terminal chamber chamber with straight or angled cable exit

Capacitive sensors – Table of contents

TURCK

Industrial
Automation

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Capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Plastic)



Capacitive sensors are non-contact and isolated sensors. Both electrically conductive and non-conductive materials can be detected reliably. Capacitive sensors are therefore also suitable for applications in which inductive sensors would not work.

A typical application of capacitive sensors is distance and position measuring, such as the measuring of bending, thickness, level, eccentricity, concentricity, distortion, wear and vibrations.

Regardless of whether a metal or a plastic housing is used: The standard cylinder housings with a diameter of 12 to 40 mm are available with outstandingly high switching distances and a wide product range.



Automatic humidity compensation

Interference caused by humidity or dew are automatically excluded.



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC3-S12-AP6X	2601200	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC3-S12-AN6X	2601300	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC3-S12-RP6X	2601202	Cable 2 m

70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-S18-AP4X	25030	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC5-S18-AN4X	25031	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-S18-RP4X	2503020	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2503602	Connector M12 x 1
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2503108	Connector M12 x 1
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-S18-RP4X-H1141/S250	2601209	Connector M12 x 1

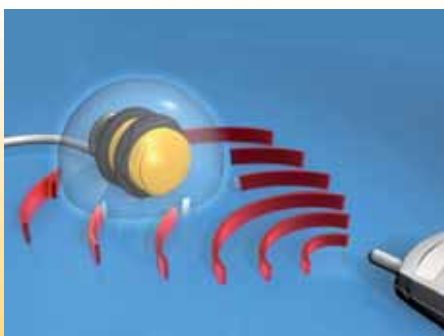
63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-S30-VP4X	2506110	Cable 2 m
63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-S30-VN4X	2506000	Cable 2 m
91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-S30-VP4X-H1141	2506100	Connector M12 x 1
91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-S30-VN4X-H1141	2506010	Connector M12 x 1

115 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-P30SR-VP4X2	25050	Terminal chamber
115 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-P30SR-VN4X2	25051	Terminal chamber

80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC15-K34-VP4X	2502124	Cable 2 m
80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC15-K34-VN4X	2502127	Cable 2 m
74.5 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	Ⓢ , PNP	BC15-K34-AP4X-H1141	2502126	Connector M12 x 1
74.5 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	Ⓢ , NPN	BC15-K34-AN4X-H1141	2502125	Connector M12 x 1
80 x Ø 34 mm	b , 20	a , PNP	NC20-KT34-VP4X2	2550300	Cable 2 m
80 x Ø 34 mm	b , 20	a , NPN	NC20-KT34-VN4X2	2550100	Cable 2 m

90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	a , PNP	BC20-K40SR-VP4X2	25100	Terminal chamber
90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	a , NPN	BC20-K40SR-VN4X2	25101	Terminal chamber
90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	a , PNP	BC20-K40SR-VP4X2	25100	Terminal chamber
90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	a , NPN	BC20-K40SR-VN4X2	25101	Terminal chamber
90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	a , NPN	BC20-K40SR-VN4X2-H1141	2510104	Connector M12 x 1

Detailed technical data is provided from page 28.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Metal)



As well as the usual level of reliability, each capacitive sensor comes standard with features such as automatic humidity compensation, outstanding EMC performance, ESD resistance and maximum mounting flexibility. The flush mountable sensors generate a virtually straight detection field.

Sensor variants in all standard housing styles and connection options (cable, connector, Terminal chamber chamber) are available. A wide range of versions in different materials can be selected for special environmental conditions of the application concerned.



Automatic humidity compensation

Interference caused by humidity or dew are automatically excluded.

M12



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC3-M12-AP6X	2601000	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4.5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC3-M12-AN6X	2601100	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC3-M12-RP6X	2601103	Cable 2 m

M18



70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-M18-AP4X	2504001	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC5-M18-AN4X	2504002	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-M18-RP4X	2504026	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-M18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2504024	Connector M12 x 1
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , NPN	BC5-M18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2504025	Connector M12 x 1
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-M18-RP4X-H1141/S250	2504023	Connector M12 x 1

M30



81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-M30-VP4X	25020	Cable 2 m
81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-M30-VN4X	25021	Cable 2 m
81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-M30-VN4X-H1141	2502120	Connector M12 x 1
81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-M30-VP4X-H1141	2502010	Connector M12 x 1

Detailed technical data is provided from page 34.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Standard - rectangular housing styles



Capacitive sensors with rectangular housing styles offer an extremely compact solution. These sensors also offer outstandingly simple and uncomplicated mounting. This makes it possible for the prescribed metal-free zones to be considerably smaller.

In this way, the sensors simplify design on the one hand and increase the availability of your plant on the other. Another benefit for you – you save time and money.



Technology in a limited space

The implementation of high quality components in a compact and stable housing allows us to offer you as yet unknown installation and detection options.



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⊙ , PNP	BC5-Q08-AP6X2/S250	26200	Cable 2 m
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⊙ , NPN	BC5-Q08-AN6X2/S250	26201	Cable 2 m
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⋯ , PNP	BC5-Q08-RP6X2/S250	2530108	Cable 2 m
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⊙ , PNP	BC5-Q08-AP6X2-V1131/S250	26210	Connector Ø8 mm
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⊙ , NPN	BC5-Q08-AN6X2-V1131/S250	26211	Connector Ø8 mm
32 x 20 x 8 mm	a / b , 5	⋯ , PNP	BC5-Q08-RP6X2-V1131/S250	2620152	Connector Ø8 mm
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⊙ , PNP	BC8-Q10-AP6X2/S250	2621200	Cable 2 m
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⊙ , NPN	BC8-Q10-AN6X2/S250	2621203	Cable 2 m
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⋯ , PNP	BC8-Q10-RP6X2/S250	2621205	Cable 2 m
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⊙ , PNP	BC8-Q10-AP6X2-V1131/S250	2621201	Connector M8 x 1
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⊙ , NPN	BC8-Q10-AN6X2-V1131/S250	2621202	Connector M8 x 1
42 x 25 x 10.8 mm	a / b , 8	⋯ , PNP	BC8-Q10-RP6X2-V1131/S250	2621204	Connector M8 x 1
52 x 30 x 14 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , PNP	BC10-Q14-AP4X2	2530001	Cable 2 m
52 x 30 x 14 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , NPN	BC10-Q14-AN4X2	2530010	Cable 2 m
52 x 30 x 14 mm	a / b , 10	⋯ , PNP	BC10-Q14-RP4X2	2530014	Cable 2 m
52 x 30 x 14 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , PNP	BC10-Q14-AP4X2-V1131	2530002	Connector M8 x 1
52 x 30 x 14 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , NPN	BC10-Q14-AN4X2-V1131	2530011	Connector M8 x 1
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⊙ , PNP	BC20-Q20-AP4X2	2530100	Cable 2 m
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⊙ , NPN	BC20-Q20-AN4X2	2530110	Cable 2 m
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⋯ , PNP	BC20-Q20-RP4X2	2530106	Cable 2 m
52 x 30 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⋯ , PNP	BC20-Q20-RP4X2-V1131	2501007	Connector M8 x 1
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⊙ , PNP	BC20-Q20-AP4X2-H1141	2530101	Connector M12 x 1
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⊙ , NPN	BC20-Q20-AN4X2-H1141	2530111	Connector M12 x 1
68 x 40 x 20 mm	a / b , 20	⋯ , PNP	BC20-Q20-RP4X2-H1141	2530107	Connector M12 x 1
50 x 20.3 x 5.5 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , PNP	BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2	2620117	Cable 2 m
50 x 20.3 x 5.5 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , NPN	BC10-QF5,5-AN6X2	2620121	Cable 2 m
50 x 20.3 x 5.5 mm	a / b , 10	⊙ , PNP	BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	2620115	Cable 2 m
50 x 20.3 x 5.5 mm	a / b , 5	⊙ , PNP	BC5-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	2620116	Cable 2 m
114 x 40 x 40 mm	a / b , 20	a , PNP	BC20-CP40-VP4X2	25160	Terminal chamber
114 x 40 x 40 mm	a / b , 20	a , NPN	BC20-CP40-VN4X2	25161	Terminal chamber
114 x 40 x 40 mm	a / b , 20	a , PNP	BC20-CP40-VP4X2-H1141	2516102	Connector M12 x 1
80 x 80 x 40.5 mm	b , 50	a , PNP	NC50-CP80-VP4X2	2580202	Terminal chamber
80 x 80 x 40.5 mm	b , 50	a , NPN	NC50-CP80-VN4X2	2580102	Terminal chamber
80 x 80 x 40.5 mm	b , 50	a , PNP	NC50-CP80-VP4X2-H1141	2580400	Connector M12 x 1

Detailed technical data is provided from page 38.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Standard BCF



In difficult applications conventional sensors don't offer sufficient detection reliability. Particularly with conductive coatings, detection problems can occur that may cause total failures.

This source of errors can now be excluded thanks to the new switching technology of the BCF sensors combined with electrode and compensation optimisation.

The potentiometer with which the switching distance is set on conventional capacitive sensors is located in the sensitive generator area. This has the disadvantage that the sensor is very sensitive to RF interference and other interference sources. TURCK capacitive sensors are therefore always designed with the potentiometer located in a less sensitive area of the circuit.

Additional protective measures are mostly required for environments in which extreme interference is present. The BCF series offers the following solution: All sensors of this series are fully resistant to radiated and conducted RF interference, burst interference, and electrostatic discharge (ESD).

- Detection reliability also with difficult applications
- Increased EMC performance (also with high frequency technology)



New background suppression

Capacitive sensors react to all materials with a dielectric constant ϵ_r higher than 1. A so-called compensation probe was integrated in order to prevent the detection of dirt deposits and humidity on the active surface of the sensor. The electrode enables a signal to be generated in the close proximity of the sensor surface

that counteracts the main signal. This therefore produces an area close to the electrode in which targets may be located (i.e. also dirt and humidity) that are not detected by the sensor. Thanks to a new type of circuit technology, this background suppression can also function correctly with conductive films.

S18



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF5-S18-AP4X	250301	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BCF5-S18-AN4X	2503012	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BCF5-S18-RN4X	2503008	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF5-S18-RP4X/S90	2503006	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF5-S18-AP4X/S90	2503014	Cable 2 m
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2503010	Connector M12 x 1
60 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	Ⓢ , NPN	BCF5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2503016	Connector M12 x 1

S30



63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BCF10-S30-VP4X	2506111	Cable 2 m
63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BCF10-S30-VN4X	2506011	Cable 2 m
91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BCF10-S30-VP4X-H1141	2506117	Connector M12 x 1
91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BCF10-S30-VN4X-H1141	2506016	Connector M12 x 1

K34



80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF15-K34-RZ3X	2502135	Cable 2 m
80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF15-K34-AZ3X	2502136	Cable 2 m

Q20L60



60 x 30 x 20 mm	b , 10	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X	2504028	Cable 2 m
60 x 30 x 20 mm	b , 10	Ⓢ , PNP	BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X-H1141	2504027	Connector M12 x 1

Detailed technical data is provided from page 46.



Increased EMC performance

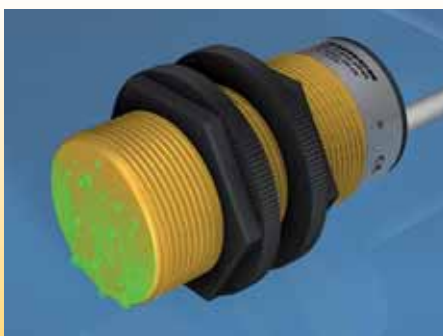
In addition to the requirements of EN 60947-5-2, TURCK capacitive sensors are also resistant to radiated and conducted RF and burst interference, as well as ESD.

Capacitive sensors – Chemically resistant sensors



The PVDF (polyvinylidene fluoride) high-performance plastic combines outstanding chemical resistance with good mechanical properties. PVDF materials belong to the group of so-called fluoride plastics and offer a high mechanical strength on account of their high fluoride content, a high resistance to creep under a continuous load, good temperature characteristics and a high temperature resistance.

The Dyflor (PVDF) capacitive sensors are the ideal solution for any application in the pharmaceutical, chemical or food industry. The proven and innovative sensor features help optimise all kinds of applications, for instance, in dairies, breweries, the manufacture of bakery products and frozen foods, or in the packaging and filling of foods.



Resistant

The "Chemically Resistant Sensors" series consists of sensors made from materials that are resistant to all common acid and alkaline cleaning agents and disinfectants. This therefore prevents the occurrence of damage through the use of aggressive cleansers.

S185



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
74.5 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	Ⓢ , PNP	BC5-S185-AP4X	25035	Cable 2 m

PT30



80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-PT30-VP4X2	2507010	Cable 2 m
80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , NPN	BC10-PT30-VN4X2	2507020	Cable 2 m
80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	NAMUR	BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	Cable 2 m

Detailed technical data is provided from page 50.



Automatic humidity compensation

Interference caused by humidity or dew are automatically excluded.

Capacitive sensors – Sensors for high temperature ranges



An increasing number of applications require sensors to be resistant to temperatures outside of the standard range of $-25\text{ °C} \dots +70\text{ °C}$. Appropriate solutions are implemented by means of suitable temperature resistant components and ingeniously designed passive cooling concepts that are internally and externally fan free.

If components are not specified for the required range, they must be able to withstand artificial aging in the laboratory at the appropriate temperature. Only those modules that can pass these tests are used.

The capacitive sensors of the “high temperature” programme are designed for an extended temperature range: from $-25\text{ °C} \dots +100\text{ °C}$.



-25 °C



$+100\text{ °C}$



Extended temperature range ($-25\text{ °C} \dots +100\text{ °C}$)

In response to the growing demand for sensors with an increased temperature range, TURCK has developed sensors optimally tailored to these requirements.



Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4.5	© , PNP	BC3-S12-AP6X/S100	2601201	Cable 2 m
70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	NAMUR	BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	2006021	Cable 2 m
74.5 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	© , PNP	BC5-S185-AP4X/S100	2503502	Cable 2 m
74.5 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	© , NPN	BC5-S185-AN4X/S100	2503551	Cable 2 m

Detailed technical data is provided from page 52.



**Automatic
humidity compensation**

Interference caused by humidity or dew
are automatically excluded.

Capacitive sensors – Standard AC 2-wire sensors



Two-wire switching elements can normally be used in all areas where mechanical switches are used. The advantage compared to three-wire switching elements is the reduced wiring required.

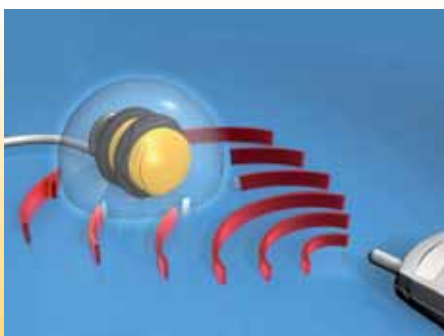
The wide range of AC 2-wire sensors rounds off the capacitive sensor programme perfectly.



**Automatic
humidity compensation**
Interference caused by humidity or
dew are automatically
excluded.

	Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S _n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
S18 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☉	BC5-S18-AZ3X	2305500	Cable 2 m
	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☹	BC5-S18-RZ3X	2305400	Cable 2 m
M18 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☉	BC5-M18-AZ3X	2305000	Cable 2 m
	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☹	BC5-M18-RZ3X	2305100	Cable 2 m
	83 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☉	BC5-M18-AZ3X-B3331/S250	2305001	Connector 1/2"
	83 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	☹	BC5-M18-RZ3X-B3331/S250	2305101	Connector 1/2"
S30 	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BC10-S30-AZ3X	2310700	Cable 2 m
	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BC10-S30-RZ3X	2310800	Cable 2 m
	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BCF10-S30-AZ3X	2506015	Cable 2 m
	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BCF10-S30-RZ3X	2506013	Cable 2 m
	91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BC10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	2310710	Connector 1/2"
	91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BCF10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	2506012	Connector 1/2"
	91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BCF10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	2506014	Connector 1/2"
	91 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BC10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	2310810	Connector 1/2"
M30 	81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BC10-M30-AZ3X	23100	Cable 2 m
	81 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BC10-M30-RZ3X	23098	Cable 2 m
	80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BC10-M30-AZ3X-B3131	2310030	Connector 1/2"
	80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BC10-M30-RZ3X-B3131	2310100	Connector 1/2"
P30SR 	115 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	program.	BC10-P30SR-FZ3X2	23104	Terminal chamber
K34 	80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BCF15-K34-AZ3X	2502136	Cable 2 m
	80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BCF15-K34-RZ3X	2502135	Cable 2 m
	80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	☉	BC15-K34-AZ3X	2310008	Cable 2 m
	80 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	☹	BC15-K34-RZ3X	2310110	Cable 2 m
K34SR 	106 x Ø 34 mm	a / b , 15	program.	BC15-K34SR-FZ3X2	2310009	Terminal chamber
K40SR 	90 x Ø 40 mm	a / b , 30	program.	BC20-K40SR-FZ3X2	23103	Terminal chamber
CP80 	80 x 80 x 40.5 mm	b , 50	program.	NC50-CP80-FZ3X2	2310600	Terminal chamber

Detailed technical data is provided from page 54.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Standard NAMUR



NAMUR sensors are polarised 2-wire sensors that change their internal resistance (continuous linear/current characteristics) depending on the distance from the target. They are designed for connection to external switching amplifiers which convert the current changes into a binary output signal.

Advantages of NAMUR sensors

- Usable in explosion hazardous areas in conjunction with an approved switching amplifier
- Optional permanent wire-breakage and short-circuit detection via switching amplifier

Ex-area approved.

Zone 0

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres consisting of a mixture of air and flammable gases, vapours or mists are present continuously, frequently or for long periods.






Zone 1

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres consisting of a mixture of air, flammable gases, vapours or mists may form occasionally.



Sensor monitoring integrated

NAMUR sensors used with switching amplifiers enable continuous wire-break and short-circuit monitoring.

	Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S_n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
S18 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	NAMUR	BC5-S18-Y1X	20060	Cable 2 m
	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	NAMUR	BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	2006021	Cable 2 m
S185 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7.5	NAMUR	BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	2003522	Cable 4 m
S30 	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	NAMUR	BC10-S30-Y1X	20100	Cable 2 m
PT30 	80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	NAMUR	BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	Cable 2 m
QF5,5 	50 x 20.3 x 5.5	a / b , 5	NAMUR	BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	2030000	Cable 2 m

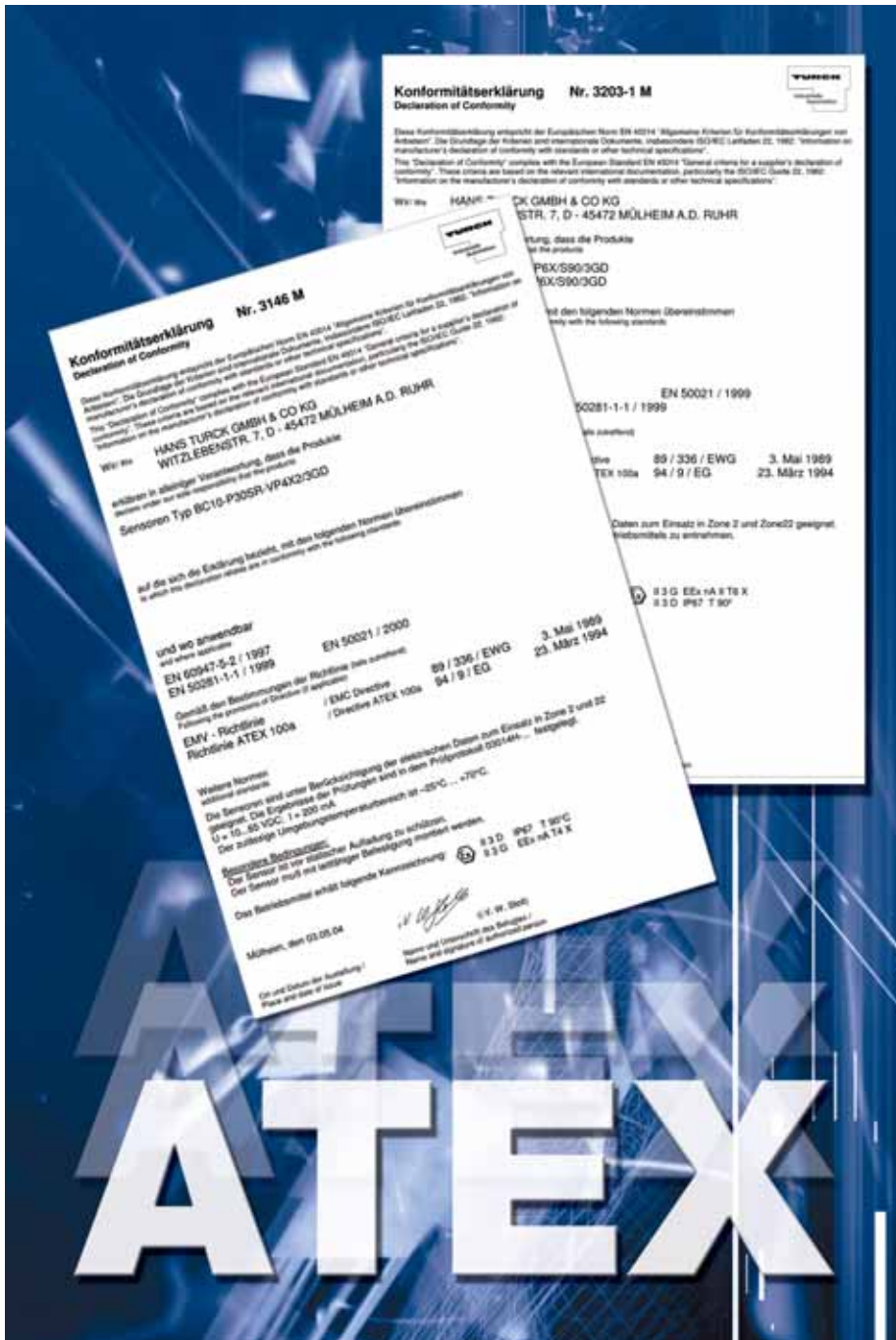
Detailed technical data is provided from page 62.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Sensors for the Ex area



Capacitive sensors with ATEX approval are now indispensable in many applications. They are used in plants in the chemical and petrochemical industry, in the pharmaceutical industry, in mills and in processing plants for food and animal feed.

ATEX stands for ATmosphere EXplosive and requires that the employer and/or user, prevents the occurrence of explosions and ensures that sufficient protection is provided. With regard to explosion protection in a potentially explosive atmosphere, the ATEX Directive 94/9/EC and 1999/92/EC have priority over machinery directives and must be applied.

Category II 3 G, (Gas Ex Zone 2)

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres consisting of a mixture of air and flammable gases, vapours or mists do not normally occur or only temporarily.

Category II 3 D (Dust Ex Zone 22)

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres in the form of flammable dust contained in the air normally do not occur or only occur temporarily.

Zone 0

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres consisting of a mixture of air and flammable gases, vapours or mists are present continuously, frequently or for long periods.

Zone 1

This is an area in which dangerous explosive atmospheres consisting of a mixture of air, flammable gases, vapours or mists may form occasionally.



ATEX approval









The non-intrinsically safe 3-wire sensors are approved for use in explosion hazardous areas:

Zone 2 (gases, vapours and mists)

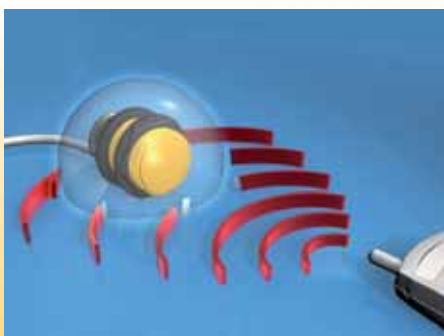
Category II 3 G: Zone 22 (non-conductive dusts)

Category II 3 D: The requirements of directive 94/9/EC 94/9/EC are fulfilled.

The sensors thus make a contribution to increased safety!

	Dimensions	Mounting conditions/ Sensing range S_n	Output	Type	Ident no.	Connection
S12 	60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4,5	.. , PNP	BC3-S12-RP6X/S90/3GD	2601204	Cable 2 m
M12 	60 x Ø 12 mm	a / b , 4,5	© , PNP	BC3-M12-AP6X/S90/3GD	2601003	Cable 2 m
P30SR 	115 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	a , PNP	BC10-P30SR-VP4X2/3GD	2505006	Terminal chamber
S18 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	NAMUR	BC5-S18-Y1X	20060	Cable 2 m
	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	NAMUR	BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	2006021	Cable 2 m
S185 	70 x Ø 18 mm	a / b , 7,5	NAMUR	BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	2003522	Cable 4 m
S30 	63 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	NAMUR	BC10-S30-Y1X	20100	Cable 2 m
PT30 	80 x Ø 30 mm	a / b , 15	NAMUR	BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	Cable 2 m
QF5,5 	50 x 20.3 x 5.5	a / b , 5	NAMUR	BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	2030000	Cable 2 m

Detailed technical data is provided from page 64.



Excellent EMC performance

Thanks to special protective measures, the sensors ensure a high level of EMC, even in environments with increased electromagnetic interference (industrial environments).

Capacitive sensors – Product overview accessories

BS...



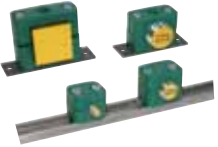
Type	Description	Diameter	Ident no.
BS12	Fixing clamp for cylindrical sensors	Ø 12 mm	69470
BS18	Fixing clamp for cylindrical sensors	Ø 18 mm	69471
BS34	Fixing clamp for cylindrical sensors	Ø 34 mm	6946300
BS40	Fixing clamp for cylindrical sensors	Ø 40 mm	69466

BSN18



BSN18	Fixing clamp for cylindrical sensors	Ø 18 mm	69472
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BSS...



BSS12	2 x half-shells for M12 x 1		6901321
BSS18	2 x half-shells for M18 x 1		6901320
BSS30	2 x half-shells for M30 x 1		6901319
BSS-CP40	2 x half-shells for 40 x 40 mm		6901318

BSS-SPV...



BSS-SPV1	weld-on base plate for M8 und M12		6901317
BSS-SPV2	weld-on base plate for M18		6901316
BSS-SPV4	weld-on base plate for M30		6901347
BSS-SPV5	weld-on base plate for 40 x 40 mm		6901324
BSS-TSM	2 x DIN rail nuts		6901323

JS 025/037

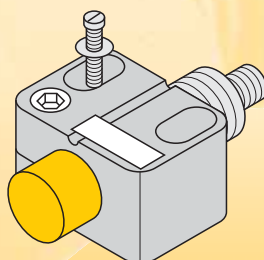


JS 025/037	mounting rail for CP 40 and CK 40		69429
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Detailed technical data is provided from page 68.

Fixing clamps:

- Position of the fixing clamps is retained when the sensor is exchanged
- Modular design with mounting aid possible
- Labelling plates can be used universally



MAP...



Type	Description	Diameter	Ident no.
MAP-K40	mounting adapter K40		6950014
MAP-M18	mounting adapter M18		6950012
MAP-M30	mounting adapter M30		6950013

MH...



MH-Q14	mounting accessories Q14		6950011
MH-Q20	mounting accessories Q20		6950010

MW...



MW-12	mounting bracket for M12		6945003
MW-18	mounting bracket for M18		6945004
MW-30	mounting bracket for M30		6945005

MW-Q08/
Q10



MW-Q08/Q10	mounting bracket for Q08/Q10		6945007
MW-Q14/Q20	mounting bracket for Q14/Q20		6945006

SG40
SG40/2



SG40	protective housing for CP40		69500
SG40/2	temperature resistant housing for CP 40		69497

TB2



TB2	test box for sensors		967103
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Detailed technical data is provided from page 68.


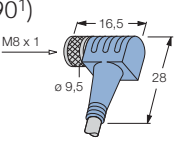
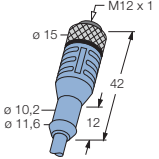
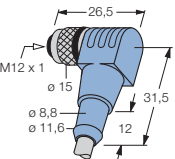
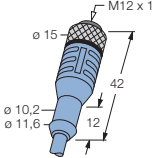
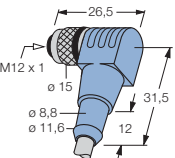

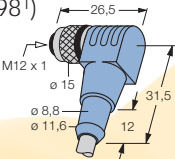
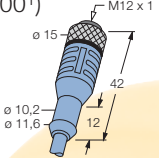
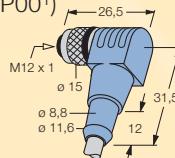
TURCK offers a large selection of accessories for the mounting and protection of capacitive sensors.

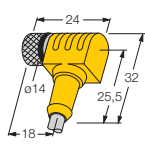
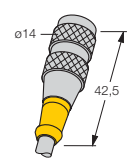
Matching mounting clamps as well as quick-mount clamps are offered for all M12 x 1, M18 x 1 und M30 x 1.5 cylindrical housing types.

The mounting rail JS 025/037 facilitates mounting and alignment of the sensor types CP40.

The protective mounting clamps offer additional protection against physical damage as well as simplifying the mounting of the CP40 types.

Capacitive sensors – Connectors

Sensor type:		Matching connector	
Connection code	Connector code	straight, cable type	angled, cable type
...-AP4, ...-AP6, ...-AN4, ...-AN6	...-V1131	SKP3-L/S90 ¹⁾  M8	SWKP3-L/S90 ¹⁾  M8
...-AP4, ...-AP6, ...-AN4, ...-AN6	...-H1141	WAK3-L/Q ¹⁾  M12	WWAK3-L/Q ¹⁾  M12
...-VP4, ...-VP6, ...-VN4, ...-VN6	...-H1141	WAK4-L/Q ¹⁾  M12	WWAK4-L/Q ¹⁾  M12
...AP6, ...AN6	...-H1141	WAK4-L/S398 ¹⁾  M12	WWAK4-L/S398 ¹⁾  M12
...-Y0, ...-Y1	...-H1141	WAK4.21-L/P00 ¹⁾ Cable: blue  M12	WWAK4.21-L/P00 ¹⁾ Cable: blue  M12

Sensor type:		Matching connector	
Connection code	Connector code	straight, cable type	angled, cable type
...-AZ3, ...-RZ3	...-B3131 ...-B3331		WKB3T-2/S68  1/2"
...-AZ3, ...-RZ3 ...-FZ3	...-B3131 ...-B3331	RK30-2  7/8"	

2

1) **L:** Selectable cable length:

2 = 2 m **5** = 5 m **10** = 10 m

Q: Cable quality:

P00 = PVC cable, type LIFY-0

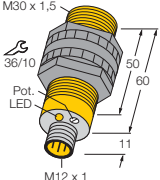
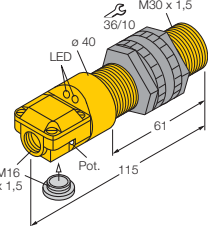
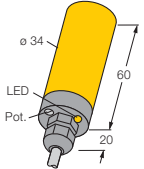
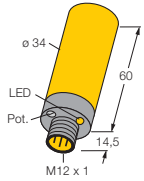
PUR = PVC cable, type LIFY-11Y

2) DeviceNet™ cable, PVC jacket,

2 x 2 x 22 AWG, standard
length 6 m, other lengths on request

Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED U_B	LED \ddot{u}
BC3-S12-AP6X	2601200	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC3-S12-AN6X	2601300	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC3-S12-RP6X	2601202	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-AP4X	25030	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-AN4X	25031	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-RP4X	2503020	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2503602	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2503108	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC5-S18-RP4X-H1141/S250	2601209	S056	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-S30-VP4X	2506110	S007	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-S30-VN4X	2506000	S010	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

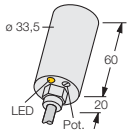
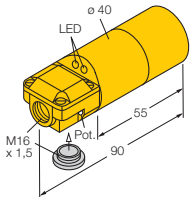
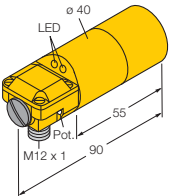
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Plastic)

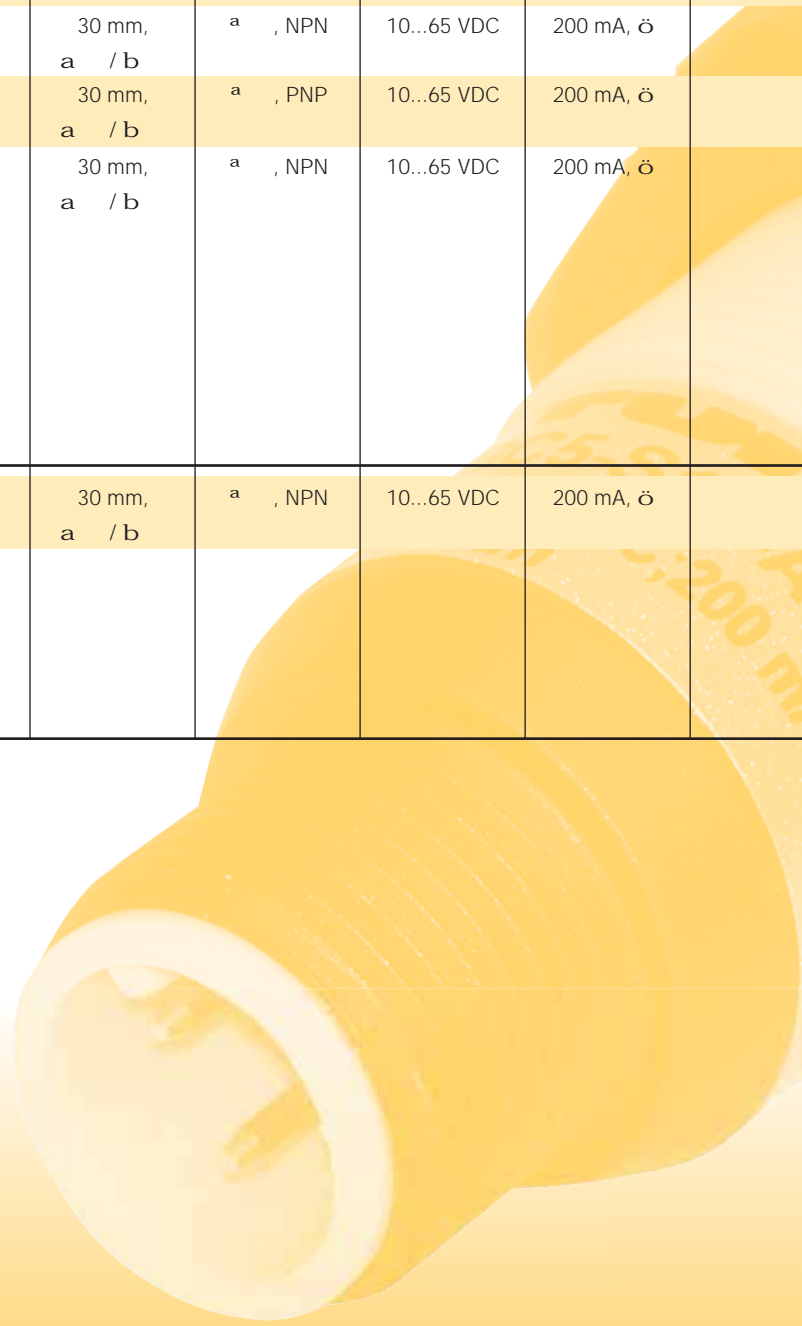
Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>M30 x 1,5 36/10 Pot. LED M12 x 1</p>	{	–	15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	15 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
 <p>M30 x 1,5 36/10 LED Pot. M16 x 1,5 61 115</p>	}	–	15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	15 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
 <p>ø 34 LED Pot. 60 20</p>]	–	15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	15 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
 <p>ø 34 LED Pot. M12 x 1 60 14,5</p>	{	–	15 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	15 mm, a / b	© , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö



Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED	LED
									U _B	ü
BC10-S30-VP4X-H1141	2506100	S008	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-S30-VN4X-H1141	2506010	S011	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-P30SR-VP4X2	25050	S009	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC10-P30SR-VN4X2	25051	S012	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC15-K34-VP4X	2502124	S007	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC15-K34-VN4X	2502127	S010	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC15-K34-AP4X-H1141	2502126	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	-	ñ
BC15-K34-AN4X-H1141	2502125	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	-	ñ

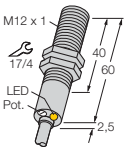
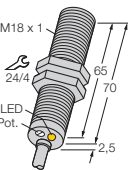
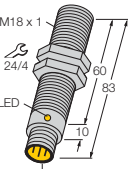
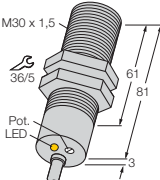
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Plastic)

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	($\approx 90^\circ$)	($\approx 90^\circ$)	($\approx 90^\circ$)	[V]	[mA]	
	KT34]	-	20 mm, b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	K40SR }	-	30 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	30 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	30 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	30 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	K40SR {	-	30 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö



Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ü
NC20-KT34-VP4X2	2550300	S007	0.2	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
NC20-KT34-VN4X2	2550100	S010	0.2	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC20-K40SR-VP4X2	25100	S009	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-K40SR-VN4X2	25101	S012	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-K40SR-VP4X2	25100	S009	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-K40SR-VN4X2	25101	S012	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-K40SR-VN4X2-H1141	2510104	S011	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ

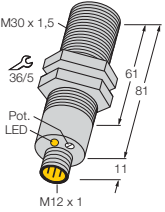
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Metal)

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
						(\varnothing 90)
	M12 J	-	4,5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	4,5 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	4,5 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
	M18 J	-	7.5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	M18 {	-	7.5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	M30 J	-	15 mm, a / b	a, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	15 mm, a / b	a, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö



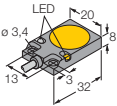
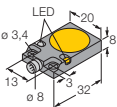
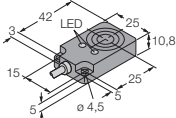
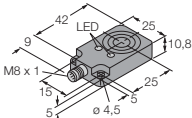
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED	LED
									U _B	ü
BC3-M12-AP6X	2601000	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	ABS	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC3-M12-AN6X	2601100	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	ABS	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC3-M12-RP6X	2601103	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	ABS	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AP4X	2504001	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AN4X	2504002	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-RP4X	2504026	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2504024	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	-	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2504025	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	-	-	ñ
BC5-M18-RP4X-H1141/S250	2504023	S056	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	-	-	ñ
BC10-M30-VP4X	25020	S007	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-M30-VN4X	25021	S010	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard, cylindrical housing styles (Metal)

Dimensions/Housing style	Features ($\text{IP} 90$)	Sensing range S_n ($\text{IP} 90$)	Output ($\text{IP} 90$)	Operational voltage U_B [V]	Operational current I_e [mA]	
 <p>M30</p>	–	15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	
	–	15 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	

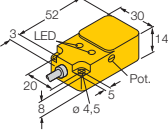
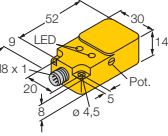
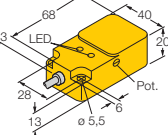
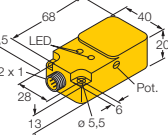
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ü
BC10-M30-VP4X-H1141	2502010	S008	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-M30-VN4X-H1141	2502120	S011	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	-	-	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard - rectangular housing styles

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
						($\approx 90^\circ$)
	Q08 }	-	5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b			
	Q08 {	-	5 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	5 mm, a / b			
	Q10 }	-	8 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b			
	Q10 {	-	8 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b	⋯, PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	8 mm, a / b			

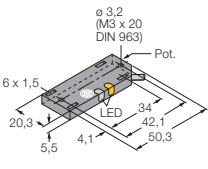
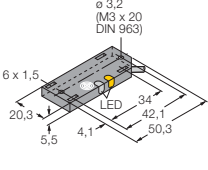
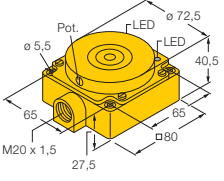
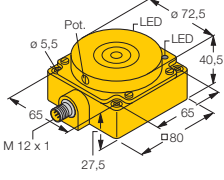
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency	Temperature range	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face	Materials Cable	LED	
									U _B	ū
(90°)										
[kHz]	[°C]									
BC5-Q08-AP6X2/S250	26200	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC5-Q08-AN6X2/S250	26201	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC5-Q08-RP6X2/S250	2530108	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC5-Q08-AP6X2-V1131/S250	26210	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	-	ñ	ñ
BC5-Q08-AN6X2-V1131/S250	26211	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	-	ñ	ñ
BC5-Q08-RP6X2-V1131/S250	2620152	S175	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	GD-Zn	PA	-	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-AP6X2/S250	2621200	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-AN6X2/S250	2621203	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-RP6X2/S250	2621205	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-AP6X2-V1131/S250	2621201	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-AN6X2-V1131/S250	2621202	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC8-Q10-RP6X2-V1131/S250	2621204	S056	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard - rectangular housing styles

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
						($\ominus 90^\circ$)
	Q14 }	-	10 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	⊘, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b			
	Q14 {	-	10 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	⊘, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b			
	Q20 }	-	20 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b	⊘, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b			
	Q20 {	-	20 mm, a / b	⊙, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b	⊘, PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b	⊙, NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	20 mm, a / b			

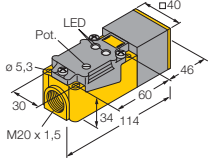
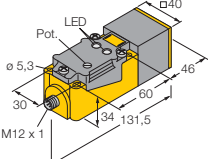
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency	Temperature range	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face	Materials Cable	LED	
									U _B	ū
(90°)										
BC10-Q14-AP4X2	2530001	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC10-Q14-RP4X2	2530014	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC10-Q14-AN4X2	2530010	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC10-Q14-AP4X2-V1131	2530002	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-RP4X2-V1131	2501007	S175	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC10-Q14-AN4X2-V1131	2530011	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-AP4X2	2530100	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-RP4X2	2530106	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-AN4X2	2530110	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-AP4X2-H1141	2530101	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-RP4X2-H1141	2530107	S056	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-Q20-AN4X2-H1141	2530111	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard - rectangular housing styles

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
						($\approx 90^\circ$)
	QF5.5]	-	10 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	© , NPN	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
	QF5.5]	-	5 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	10 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö
	CP80 }	-	50 mm, b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		-	50 mm, b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	CP80 {	-	50 mm, b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö

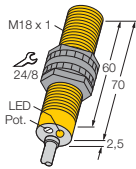
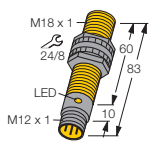
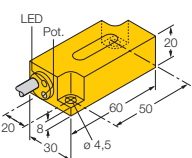
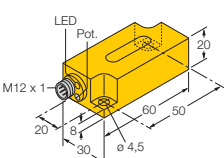
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency	Temperature range	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face	Materials Cable	LED	
									U _B	ü
(90°)										
[kHz]	[°C]									
BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2	2620117	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC10-QF5,5-AN6X2	2620121	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC5-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	2620116	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	2620115	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PUR 2 m	ñ	ñ
NC50-CP80-VP4X2	2580202	S009	0.2	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
NC50-CP80-VN4X2	2580102	S012	0.2	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
NC50-CP80-VP4X2-H1141	2580400	S008	0.2	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard - rectangular housing styles

Dimensions/Housing style	Features ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Sensing range S_n ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Output ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Operational voltage U_B [V]	Operational current I_e [mA]	
 <p>Technical drawing of the CP40 sensor with a rectangular housing. Dimensions include a diameter of 40 mm, a length of 60 mm, and a mounting hole diameter of 5.3 mm. The mounting thread is M20 x 1.5. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) components.</p>	<p>CP40 }</p> <p>–</p>	<p>30 mm, a / b</p>	<p>a , PNP</p>	<p>10...65 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, ö</p>	
 <p>Technical drawing of the CP40 sensor with a rectangular housing. Dimensions include a diameter of 40 mm, a length of 60 mm, and a mounting hole diameter of 5.3 mm. The mounting thread is M12 x 1. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) components.</p>	<p>CP40 {</p> <p>–</p>	<p>30 mm, a / b</p>	<p>a , PNP</p>	<p>10...65 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, ö</p>	

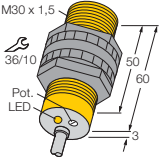
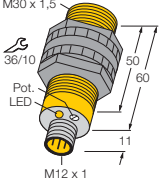
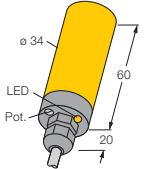
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ü
BC20-CP40-VP4X2	25160	S009	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-CP40-VN4X2	25161	S012	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-CP40-VP4X2-H1141	2516102	S008	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard BCF

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	(EN 90)	(EN 90)	(EN 90)	[V]	[mA]	
	S18	–	7.5, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	}	–	7.5, a / b	© , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	7.5, a / b	.. , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	7.5, a / b	.. , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
		–	7.5, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	S18	–	7.5, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	{	–	7.5, a / b	© , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	Q20L60	–	10, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	}					
	Q20L60	–	10, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö
	{					

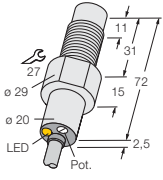
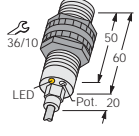
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED	LED
									U _B	ü
BCF5-S18-AP4X	2503011	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-AN4X	2503012	S004	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-RN4X	2503008		0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-RP4X/S90	2503006	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-AP4X/S90	2503014	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	2503010	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BCF5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	2503016	S005	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X	2504028	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT-GF20	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X-H1141	2504027	S002	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PBT-GF20	PBT	-	-	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard BCF

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	(IP 90)	(IP 90)	(IP 90)	[V]	[mA]	
	<p>S30</p> <p>]</p>	<p>–</p> <p>15 mm, a / b</p>	<p>a , PNP</p>	<p>10...65 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, ö</p>	
	<p>S30</p> <p>{</p>	<p>–</p> <p>15 mm, a / b</p>	<p>a , PNP</p>	<p>10...65 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, ö</p>	
	<p>K34</p> <p>]</p>	<p>–</p> <p>15 mm, a / b</p>	<p>©</p>	<p>20...250 VAC</p>	<p>500 AC</p>	
		<p>–</p> <p>15 mm, a / b</p>	<p>..</p>	<p>20...250 VAC</p>	<p>500 AC</p>	

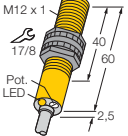
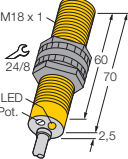
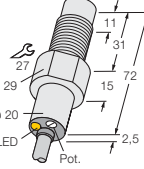
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED U_B	LED \ddot{u}
BCF10-S30-VP4X	2506111	S007	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	\ddot{n}	\ddot{n}
BCF10-S30-VN4X	2506011	S010	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	\ddot{n}	\ddot{n}
BCF10-S30-VP4X-H1141	2506117	S008	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	\ddot{n}
BCF10-S30-VN4X-H1141	2506016	S012	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	\ddot{n}
BCF15-K34-AZ3X	2502136	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}
BCF15-K34-RZ3X	2502135	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}

Technical data capacitive sensors – Chemically resistant sensors

Dimensions/Housing style	Features (H_90)	Sensing range S_n (H_90)	Output (H_90)	Operational voltage U_B [V]	Operational current I_e [mA]	
	-	7.5 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	
	-	15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	
]	-	15 mm, a / b	a , NPN	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	
	-	15 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	-	

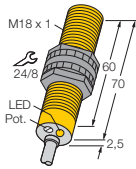
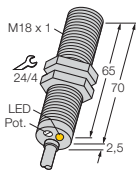
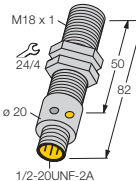
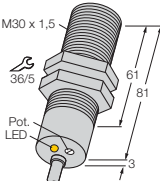
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED U_B	LED \ddot{u}
BC5-S185-AP4X	25035	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}
BC10-PT30-VP4X2	2507010	S007	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}
BC10-PT30-VN4X2	2507020	S010	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}
BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	\ddot{n}

Technical data capacitive sensors – Sensors for high temperature ranges

Dimensions/Housing style	Features ($\text{IP} 90$)	Sensing range S_n ($\text{IP} 90$)	Output ($\text{IP} 90$)	Operational voltage U_B [V]	Operational current I_e [mA]	
 <p>M12 x 1 17/8 Pot. LED 40 60 2,5</p>	<p>S12]</p>	<p>\hat{o} 4.5 mm, a / b</p>	<p>© , PNP</p>	<p>10...30 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, \ddot{o}</p>	
 <p>M18 x 1 24/8 LED Pot. 60 70 2,5</p>	<p>S18]</p>	<p>\hat{o} 7.5 mm, a / b</p>	<p>NAMUR</p>	<p>nom. 8.2 VDC</p>	<p>–</p>	
 <p>M18 x 1 27 ø 29 ø 20 LED Pot. 11 31 72 15 2,5</p>	<p>S185]</p>	<p>\hat{o} 7.5 mm, a / b \hat{o} 7.5 mm, a / b</p>	<p>© , PNP © , NPN</p>	<p>10...65 VDC 10...65 VDC</p>	<p>200 mA, \ddot{o} 200 mA, \ddot{o}</p>	

Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ü
BC3-S12-AP6X/S100	2601201	S001	0.1	-25...+100	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-Y0X/S100	2006021	S025	0.1	-25...+100	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S185-AP4X/S100	2503502	S001	0.1	-25...+100	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S185-AN4X/S100	2503551	S004	0.1	-25...+100	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PUR 2 m	-	ñ

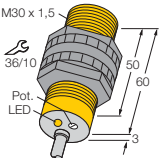
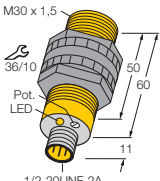
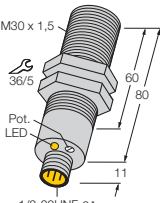
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard AC 2-wire sensors

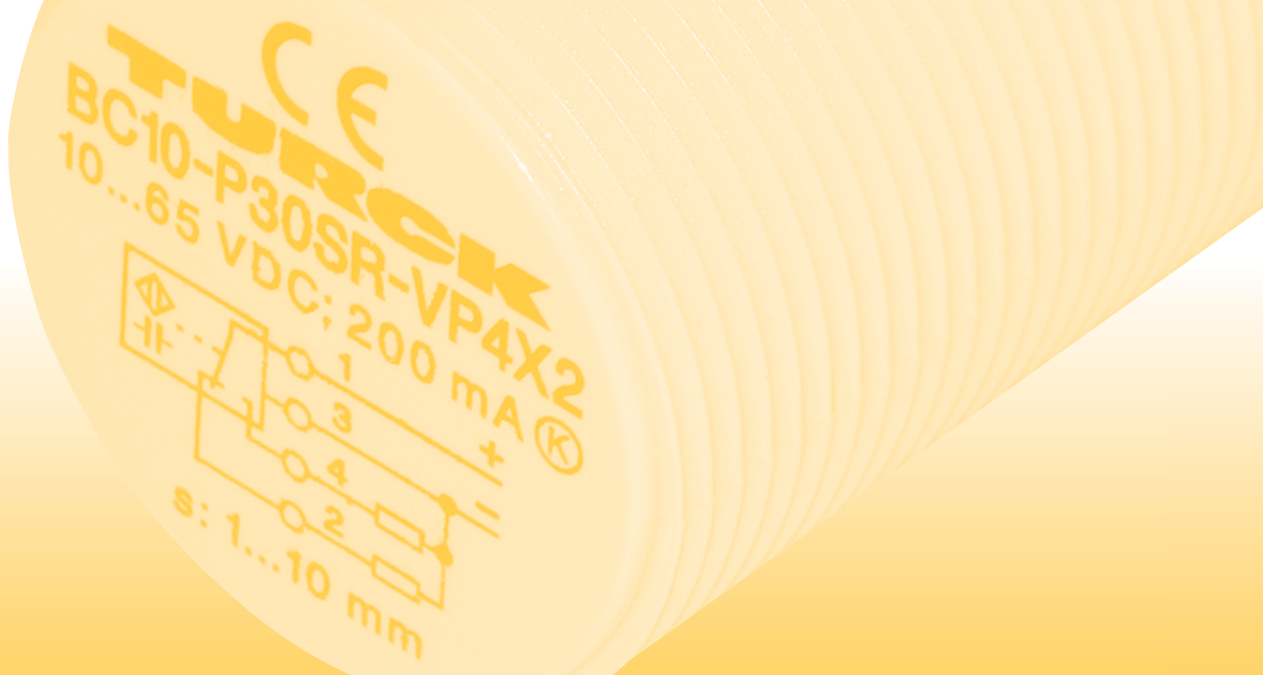
Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
						($\text{IP} 90$)
 <p>M18 x 1 24/8 LED Pot. 60 70 2,5</p>	S18 J	-	7.5 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC
 <p>M18 x 1 24/4 LED Pot. 65 70 2,5</p>	M18 J	-	5 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC
		-	5 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC
 <p>M18 x 1 24/4 ø 20 1/2-20UNF-2A 60 82</p>	M18 {	-	7.5 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC
		-	7.5 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC
 <p>M30 x 1,5 36/5 Pot. LED 61 81 3</p>	M30 J	-	15 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC
		-	15 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC



Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED U_B	LED \ddot{u}
BC5-S18-AZ3X	2305500	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-RZ3X	2305400	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AZ3X	2305000	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-RZ3X	2305100	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-M18-AZ3X-B3331/S250	2305001	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	-	-	-
BC5-M18-RZ3X-B3331/S250	2305101	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PBT	-	-	-
BC10-M30-AZ3X	23100		0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-M30-RZ3X	23098		0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

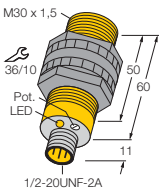
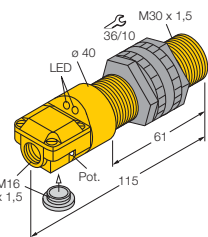
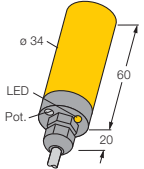
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard AC 2-wire sensors

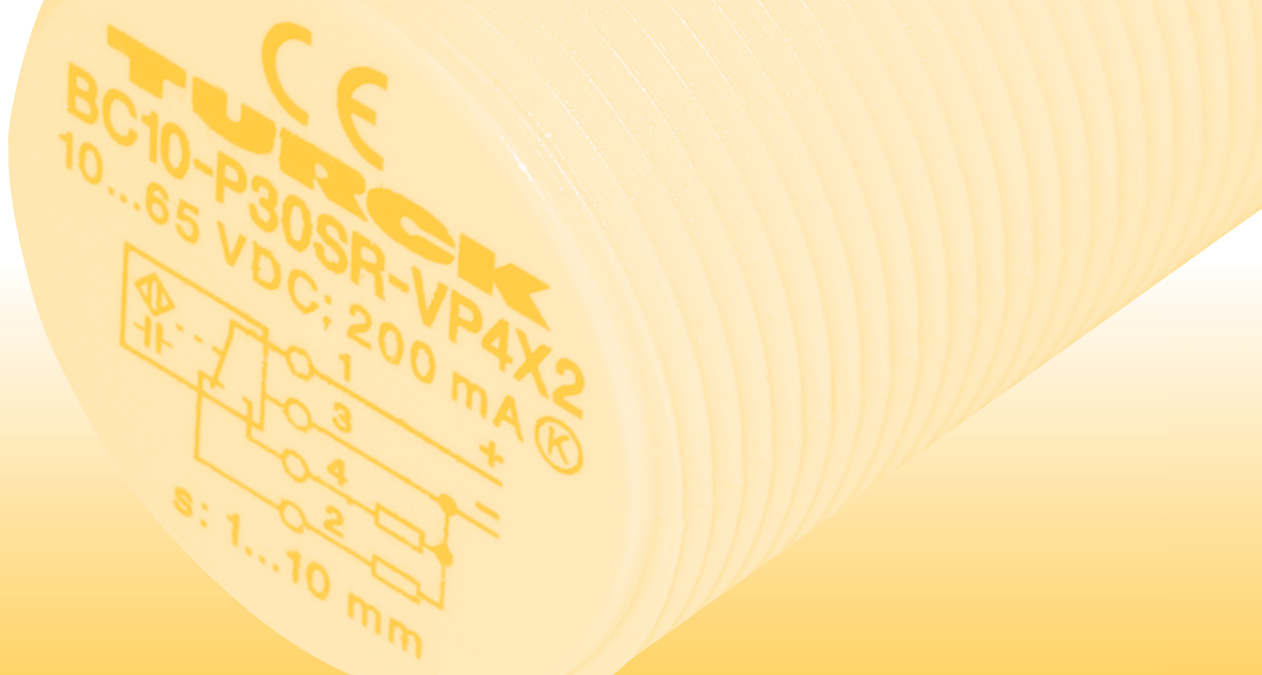
Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	[V]	[mA]	
	S30]	– 15 mm, a / b – 15 mm, a / b – 15 mm, a / b – 15 mm, a / b	© .. © ..	20...250 VAC 20...250 VAC 20...250 VAC 20...250 VAC	500 AC 500 AC 500 AC 500 AC	
	S30 {	– 15 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	M30 {	– 15 mm, a / b – 15 mm, a / b	© ..	20...250 VAC 20...250 VAC	500 AC 500 AC	



Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ū
BC10-S30-AZ3X	2310700	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-S30-RZ3X	2310800	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF10-S30-AZ3X	2506015	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF10-S30-RZ3X	2506013	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	2310710	S152	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-M30-AZ3X-B3131	2310030	S152	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-M30-RZ3X-B3131	2310100	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	PA	-	-	ñ

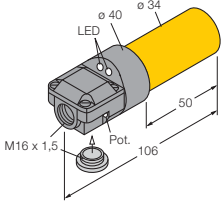
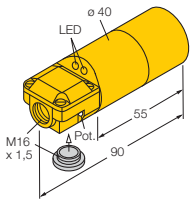
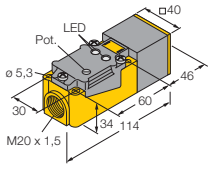
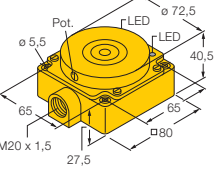
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard AC 2-wire sensors

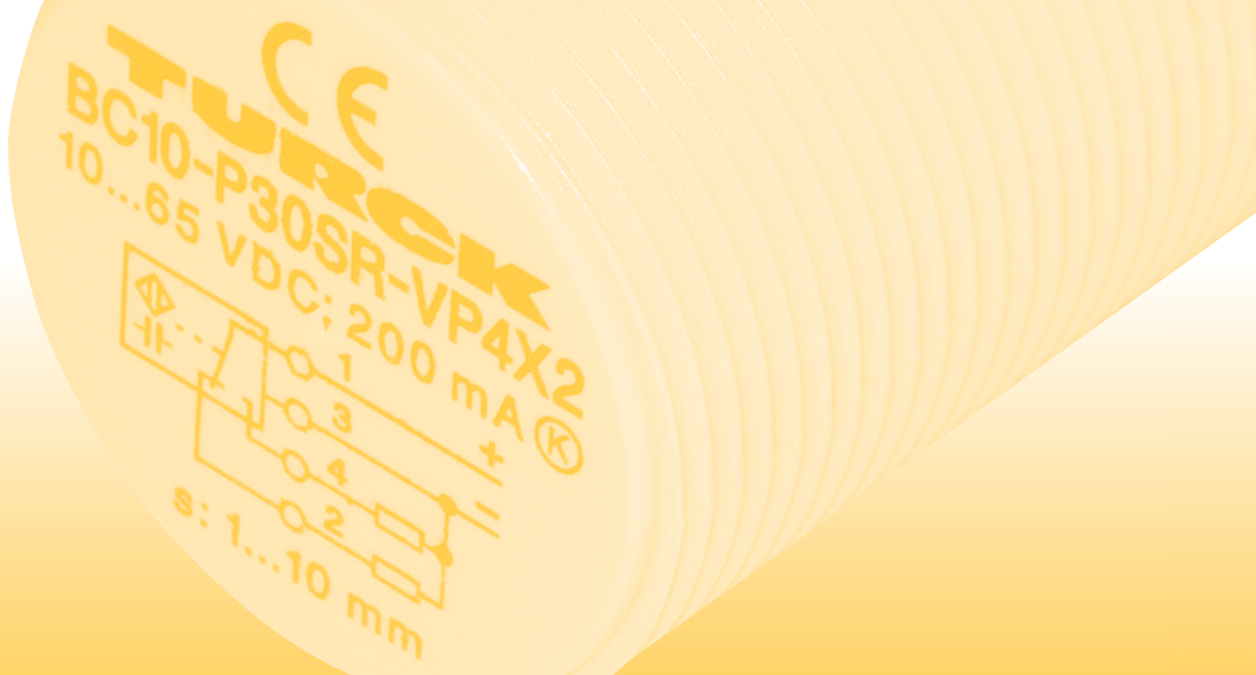
Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	($\text{IP} 90$)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>S30</p>	-	15 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	-	15 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	-	15 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
 <p>P30SR</p>	-	15 mm, a / b	program.	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
 <p>K34</p>	-	15 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	-	15 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	-	15 mm, a / b	..	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
	-	15 mm, a / b	©	20...250 VAC	500 AC	



Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED U_B	LED \ddot{u}
BCF10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	2506012	S152	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BCF10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	2506014	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	ñ
BC10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	2310810	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	-	-	-
BC10-P30SR-FZ3X2	23104	S016	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC15-K34-AZ3X	2310008	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC15-K34-RZ3X	2310110	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF15-K34-RZ3X	2502135	S094	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BCF15-K34-AZ3X	2502136	S092	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

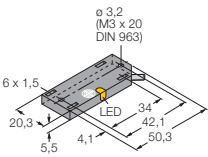
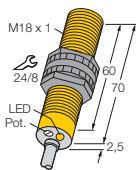
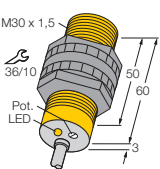
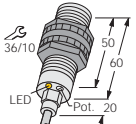
Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard AC 2-wire sensors

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	($\approx 90^\circ$)	($\approx 90^\circ$)	($\approx 90^\circ$)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>Technical drawing of the K34 sensor. It shows a cylindrical housing with a diameter of $\varnothing 40$ mm and a length of 50 mm. The mounting hole has a diameter of $\varnothing 34$ mm. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) terminals, and the mounting screw is specified as M16 x 1,5. A dimension of 106 is also indicated.</p>	K34	15 mm, a / b	program.	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
 <p>Technical drawing of the K40SR sensor. It shows a cylindrical housing with a diameter of $\varnothing 40$ mm and a length of 55 mm. The mounting hole has a diameter of $\varnothing 34$ mm. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) terminals, and the mounting screw is specified as M16 x 1,5. A dimension of 90 is also indicated.</p>	K40SR	30 mm, a / b	program.	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
 <p>Technical drawing of the CP40 sensor. It shows a rectangular housing with a width of $\varnothing 40$ mm and a height of 46 mm. The mounting hole has a diameter of $\varnothing 34$ mm. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) terminals, and the mounting screw is specified as M20 x 1,5. Other dimensions include 30, 60, 114, and 134.</p>	CP40	30 mm, a / b	program.	20...250 VAC	500 AC	
 <p>Technical drawing of the CP80 sensor. It shows a rectangular housing with a width of $\varnothing 80$ mm and a height of 40,5 mm. The mounting hole has a diameter of $\varnothing 72,5$ mm. The drawing also shows the LED and Pot. (potentiometer) terminals, and the mounting screw is specified as M20 x 1,5. Other dimensions include 65, 27,5, and 65.</p>	CP80	50 mm, b	program.	20...250 VAC	500 AC	



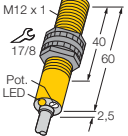
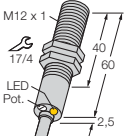
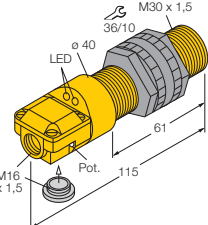
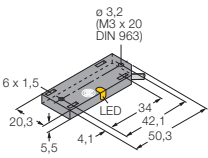
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ü
BC15-K34SR-FZ3X2	2310009	S016	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-K40SR-FZ3X2	23103	S016	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC20-CP40-FZ3X2	23105	S016	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ
NC50-CP80-FZ3X2	2310600	S016	0.02	-25...+70	IP67	PBT	PBT	-	ñ	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Standard NAMUR

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	(¨ 90)	(¨ 90)	(¨ 90)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>Technical drawing of the QF5.5 sensor housing. Dimensions: $\varnothing 3.2$ (M3 x 20 DIN 963), 6 x 1.5, 20.3, 5.5, 4.1, 34, 42.1, 50.3. Labels: LED, Pol.</p>	QF5.5]	É II 2 G, SIL2 5 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	–	
 <p>Technical drawing of the S18 sensor housing. Dimensions: M18 x 1, 24/8, 60, 70, 2.5. Labels: LED, Pol.</p>	S18]	É II 1 G, É II 1 D, SIL2 – – –	NAMUR NAMUR NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC nom. 8.2 VDC nom. 8.2 VDC	– 200 mA, ö –	
 <p>Technical drawing of the S30 sensor housing. Dimensions: M30 x 1.5, 36/10, 60, 60, 3. Labels: Pol., LED.</p>	S30]	É II 1 G, É II 1 D, SIL2	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	–	
 <p>Technical drawing of the PT30 sensor housing. Dimensions: 36/10, 50, 60, 20. Labels: LED, Pol.</p>	PT30]	– 15 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	–	

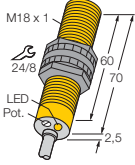
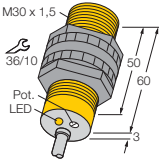
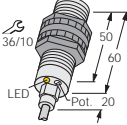
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face ($\approx 90^\circ$)	Materials Cable	LED	LED
									U _B	ü
BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	2030000	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-Y1X	20060	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	2003522	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 4 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	2006021	S025	-	-25...+100	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-S30-Y1X	20100	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

Technical data capacitive sensors – Sensors for the Ex area

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	(IP 90)	(IP 90)	(IP 90)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>M12 x 1 17/8 Pot. LED 40 60 2,5</p>	S12]	É II 3 G É II 3 D 4,5 mm, a / b	.. , PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö	
 <p>M12 x 1 17/4 LED Pot. 40 60 2,5</p>	M12]	É II 3 G É II 3 D 4,5 mm, a / b	© , PNP	10...30 VDC	200 mA, ö	
 <p>M30 x 1,5 36/10 LED e 40 Pot. M16 x 1,5 61 115</p>	P30SR }	É II 3 G É II 3 D 15 mm, a / b	a , PNP	10...65 VDC	200 mA, ö	
 <p>e 3,2 (M3 x 20 DIN 963) LED 6 x 1,5 20,3 4,1 34 42,1 50,3</p>	QF5.5]	É II 2 G, SIL2 5 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	-	

Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ū
BC3-S12-RP6X/S90/3GD	2601204	S054	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC3-M12-AP6X/S90/3GD	2601003	S001	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	CuZn-Cr	ABS	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-P30SR-VP4X2/3GD	2505006	S009	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	ABS	ABS	-	ñ	ñ
BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	2030000	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PP	PP	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

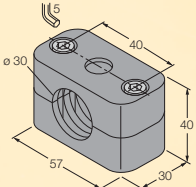
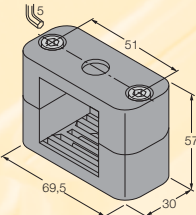
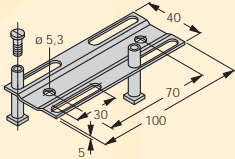
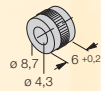
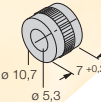
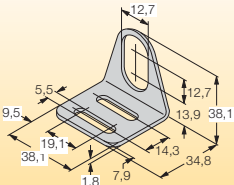
Technical data capacitive sensors – Sensors for the Ex area

Dimensions/Housing style	Features	Sensing range S_n	Output	Operational voltage U_B	Operational current I_e	
	(EN 90)	(EN 90)	(EN 90)	[V]	[mA]	
 <p>M18 x 1 24/8 LED Pot. 2,5 60 70</p>	S18] É II 1 G, É II 1 D, SIL2 - -	7.5 mm, a / b 7.5 mm, a / b 7.5 mm, a / b	NAMUR NAMUR NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC nom. 8.2 VDC nom. 8.2 VDC	- 200 mA, ö -	
 <p>M30 x 1,5 36/10 Pot. LED 3 60 60</p>	S30] É II 1 G, É II 1 D, SIL2	15 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	-	
 <p>36/10 LED Pot. 20 50 60</p>	PT30] -	15 mm, a / b	NAMUR	nom. 8.2 VDC	-	

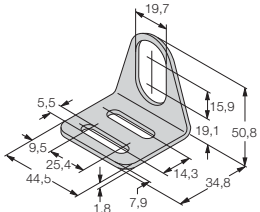
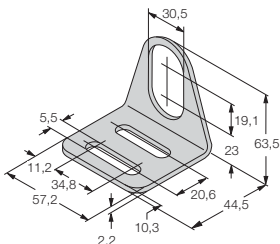
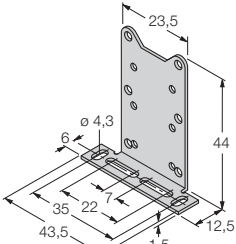
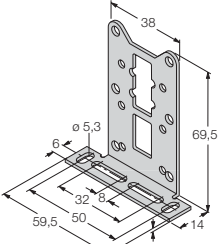
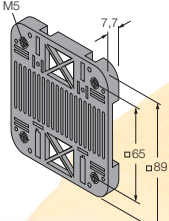
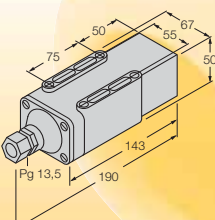
Type	Ident no.	Connection	Switching frequency [kHz]	Temperature range [°C]	Degree of protection	Materials Housing	Materials Active face (ISO 90)	Materials Cable	LED U _B	LED ū
BC5-S18-Y1X	20060	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	2003522	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 4 m	-	ñ
BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	2006021	S025	0.1	-25...+100	IP67	PA	PA	PUR 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-S30-Y1X	20100	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PA	PA	PVC 2 m	-	ñ
BC10-PT30-Y0X	2020000	S025	0.1	-25...+70	IP67	PVDF	PVDF	PVC 2 m	-	ñ

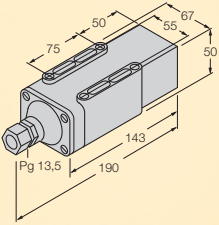
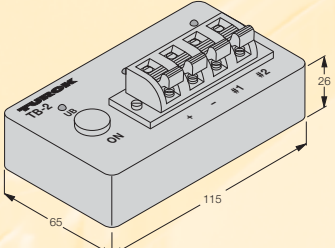
Technical data for capacitive sensors – Mounting accessories

Dimensions/Housing style	Type	Ident no.	Material	For sensor types
	BS12	69470	PBT	Accessory for threaded barrel M12
	BS18	69471	PA6	Accessory for threaded barrel M18
	BS34.1	6946010	PA6	Accessory for threaded barrel M30
	BSN18	69472	PBT-GF20	Accessory for threaded barrel M18
	BSS-12	6901321	PP	Accessory for threaded barrel M12
	BSS-18	6901320	PP	Accessory for threaded barrel M18

Dimensions/Housing style	Type	Ident no.	Material	For sensor types
	BSS-30	6901319	PP	Accessory for threaded barrel M30
	BSS-CP40	6901318	PP	Accessory for rectangular CP40
	JS025/037	69429	VA	Accessory for rectangular CP40
	MH-Q14	6950011	CuZn	Accessory for rectangular Q14
	MH-Q20	6950010	CuZn	Accessory for rectangular Q20
	MW-12	6945003	VA	Accessory for threaded barrel M12

Technical data for capacitive sensors – Mounting accessories

Dimensions/Housing style	Type	Ident no.	Material	For sensor types
	MW-18	6945004	VA	Accessory for threaded barrel M18
	MW-30	6945005	VA	Accessory for threaded barrel M30
	MW-Q08/Q10	6945007	VA	Accessory for rectangular Q08/Q10
	MW-Q14/Q20	6945006	VA	Accessory for rectangular types Q14-Q20
	SMBDX80DIN	3077161	ABS	Accessory for rectangular CP80, DX80, K80, Q80
	SG40/2	69497	Ultem	Accessory for rectangular CP40

Dimensions/Housing style	Type	Ident no.	Material	For sensor types
	SG40	69500	PA	Accessory for rectangular types CP40
	TB-2	6967103	-	Universal test device for NPN- PNP- and NAMUR sensors

General information – Capacitive sensors

Glossary of terms

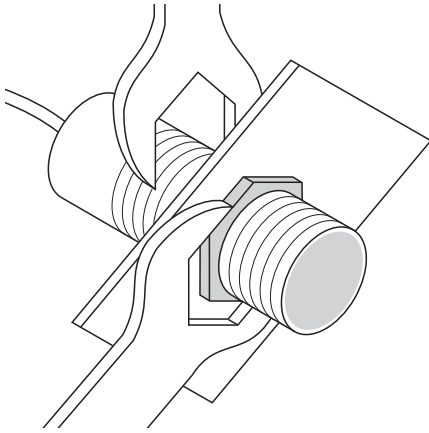


Fig. 1

Active face

- The point where the high-frequency magnetic field leaves the sensor.
Regarding threaded barrel sensors, the active face is at the front (except sensors of the HS series). Concerning rectangular PVC sensors, the zone of the active face is either marked with a target or indicated in a different colour on the housing.

Fixing torque (Fig. 1)

- Concerning threaded barrel sensors, the maximum admissible fixing torque must be observed in order to avoid torsional stress.
- Depending on the sensor version the following values apply:
M5 = 5 Nm
M8 = 10 Nm
M12 = 10 Nm (MT12 = 7 Nm)
M18 = 25 Nm (MT18 = 15 Nm)
M30 = 75 Nm
G47 = 90 Nm

Values shown in the tables relate to the nuts that come with each sensor. If strong vibrations are likely, use liquid threaded fastener on anaerobic base (e.g. loctite 242).

Rated operating current (I_e)

- Maximum load current

Nominal switching distance/Rated operating distance (S_n) (Fig. 2)

- Is measured with axial approach of a standard target.
- Manufacturing tolerances and external influences are not considered.
- The tables only indicate the rated operating distance.

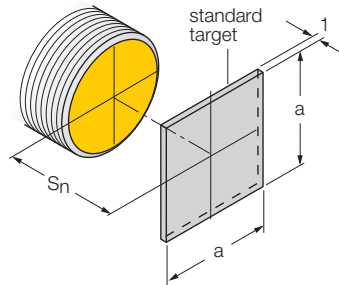


Fig. 2

Flush and non-flush mounting

- Sensors for flush mounting can be mounted in metal up to the active face, sensors for non-flush mounting have to protrude the metal.
- Non-flush mountable sensors have larger sensing ranges.

Wire-break protection

- If the supply cable is cut, the output stays off (no malfunction).

Electromagnetic capability (EMC)

- Test and limit values for proximity switches are defined by the product standard EN 60947-5-2

Assured sensing range (S_a)

- Distance at which the sensor is securely actuated.
- Correlation to rated operating distances $S_a < 0,72 \cdot S_n$

Hysteresis (H) (Fig. 3)

- Differential between the switch-on and the switch-off point of the sensor with axial motion of the target relative to the active face
- Indicated as percentages of the rated operating distance (S_n)

Glossary of terms

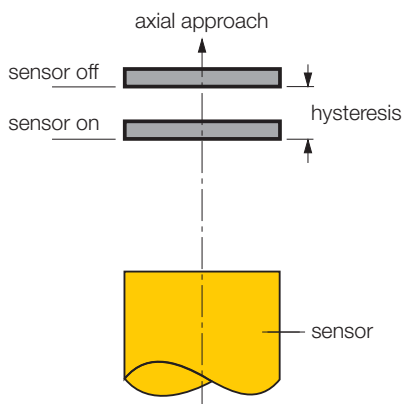


Fig. 3: Hysteresis H

Insulation groups (VDE 0110b)

The classification of insulation groups per VDE 0110 is determined by

- the application
- the decrease of insulation resistance caused by environmental influences such as dust, dirt, humidity, wetting, ageing and corrosion
- and the possible impacts of an insulation failure at the place of installation .

Insulation group B comprises equipment for use in private, sales or business premises,

Insulation group C comprises equipment which is used mainly in industrial, trading and agricultural locations, in unheated storage rooms, in workshops, in tanks, on tooling machinery etc.

Minimum operational current (I_m)

- Minimum current in a switched state to maintain the function.
- Indicated for 2-wire sensors only.

Storage temperature

- The storage temperature may range from $-30...+85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$.
If the ambient temperature range is higher, this value applies.

No-load current I (I_0)

- Current flow between supply voltage and 0 V.
- Indicated for 3 and 4-wire sensors only.

Magnetic-field immune

- Magnetic-field immune sensors are insensitive to magnetic fields, as they occur in welding systems for example. All capacitive sensors are immune to magnetic DC or AC fields due to their special function principle.

Close-up range suppression

- Prevents the detection of dirt deposits and humidity by integrated self-compensation.

Nominal switching distance / Rated operating distance S_n (Fig. 4)

- The nominal switching distance indicates the maximum possible distance of the standard target to initiate a switching operation. Factory set tolerances, temperature and voltage fluctuations are not considered in this characteristic value. The standard target is rectangular, 1 mm thick and made of St37. The edge length „a” corresponds to $3 \cdot S_n$. In order to ensure similar switching distances the standard target should be earthed.

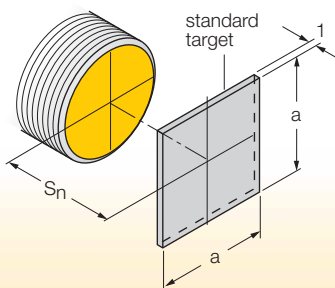


Fig. 4

Measuring range

- Rectangular metal plate for determination of the rated operating distance S_n
- Material: St37
- Thickness: 1 mm
- Edge lengths $3 \cdot S_n$, if $3 \cdot S_n$ is greater than the diameter of the active face, otherwise just the diameter of the active face.

General information – Capacitive sensors

Glossary of terms

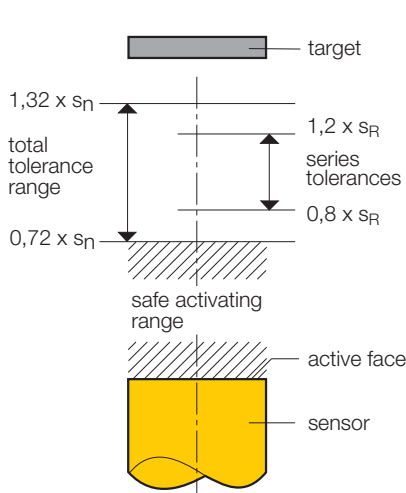


Fig. 5

Usable operating distance (S_u)

- Operating distance which is guaranteed within the permitted temperature and voltage range
- Correlation to rated operating distance
Capacitive sensors:
 $0,8 \times S_r < S_u < 1,2 \times S_r$
 $0,72 \times S_n < S_u < 1,32 \times S_n$

Real switching distance (S_r)

- Switching distance under fixed temperature and supply conditions
- Factory set tolerances are taken into account
- Correlation to related operating distance
 $0,9 \cdot S_n < S_r < 1,1 \cdot S_n$

Reduction factor R

- The variable of the reduction factor is material-dependent. The reduction factor indicates to which fraction the switching distance is reduced in relation to the nominal switching distance S_n .

$$R = \frac{S}{S_n}$$

$$R = R\% = R \times 100\%$$

Off-state current (I_o)

- For 2-wire sensors: the current which flows in a non-active condition.
- For 3 and 4-wire sensors: The current which flows in a non-active condition between the output and 0 V (pnp output), i.e. between output and supply voltage (npn output).

Ripple

- Residual AC voltage superimposed on the DC supply voltage.
- Usually 10 % ripple (peak to peak) of the applied supply voltage is tolerable.

Switching distance (s)

- Distance at which a change of signal is produced with axial approach.

Switch element function

- Normally open (N.O.): output is open when the sensor is non-activated and closed when the sensor is activated.
- Normally closed (N.C.): output is closed when the sensor is non-activated and open when the sensor is activated.
- Complementary: one of the two outputs is closed when the sensor is non-activated and the other one when the sensor is activated.

Switching frequency (f) (Fig. 4)

- Maximum number of changes from the activated to the non-activated and back to the activated sensor state per second [Hz].
- Measured with the standard disc (see Fig. 4)
- Maximum switching frequency at an operating distance of $s = S_n/2$ (with a standard disc)

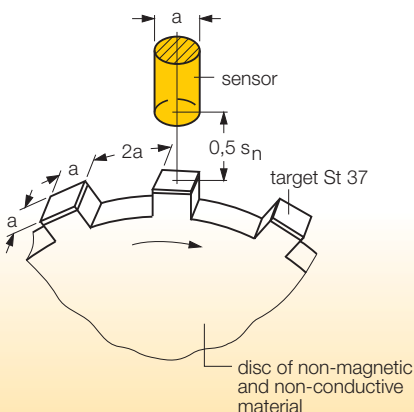


Abb. 6: Switching frequency f

Glossary of terms

Degree of protection

- Protection against the ingress of water or foreign matter, touch protection
- IP65: full protection against ingress of dust and water.
- IP67: full protection against ingress of dust and protection against submersion of water at 1 m depth for 30 minutes at constant temperature.

Voltage drop (U_d)

- Voltage of a switched output

Surge current

- The surge current is the current which can flow through the output for a short time.

Temperature drift

- Alteration of the switching point or the output values in case of temperature changes.

Reverse polarity protection

- Indicates if the sensor is protected against connection errors. Capacitive sensors made by TURCK for DC and AC current are fully reverse polarity protected. Connection errors related to polarity of the power supply and / or the output do not result into damages of the sensor.

Repeat accuracy

- Sensors with switching output (digital):
Deviation of the switch point indicated in percentage after often repeated switching, under identical conditions and with the same sensor.

General information – Capacitive sensors

Applicable Standards and Directives

1) Standards

EN 60947-5-2

Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear
Part 5: Control circuit devices and switching elements, Section 2:
Proximity switches

EN 60079-0

Electrical equipment for use in explosion hazardous areas:
General requirements

EN 60079-11

Electrical equipment for use in explosion hazardous areas: Intrinsic safety "i"

EN 60079-15

Electrical equipment for use in explosion hazardous areas:
Type of protection "N"

EN 61241-0

General requirements of electrical equipment for use in areas with flammable dusts

EN 61241-1

Electrical equipment for use in areas with dust, protection by enclosures

EN 61000-6-4

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC);
Generic standard for emitted interference

EN 61000-6-2

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC);
Generic standard for interference immunity

**IEC 60529/EN 60529/
DIN VDE 0298 -1**

Protection provided by enclosures
IP code

EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR)

Control circuit devices and switching elements, proximity sensors, DC interface for proximity sensors and switching amplifiers (NAMUR)

IEC 61508 (SIL):

Functional safety of safety-related electrical/electronic/programmable systems

2) Directives

73/23/EC

Low-voltage

89/336/EC

Electromagnetic compatibility

2004/108/EC

CE mark

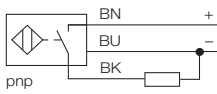
94/9/EC

Explosion protection (ATEX)

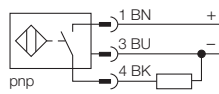
 The CE mark is neither a seal of quality nor a test sign but is used to facilitate free trade within the European Community.

By affixing the CE mark to the products distributed, the manufacturer assures that the protective aims of the applicable directives are fulfilled for these products.

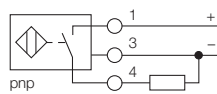
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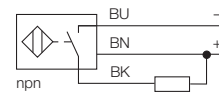
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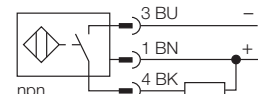
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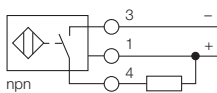
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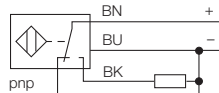
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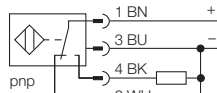
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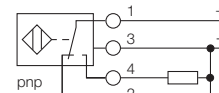
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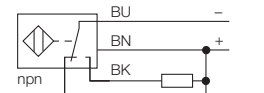
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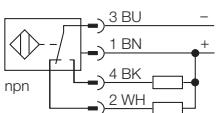
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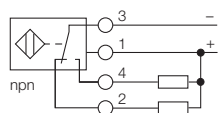
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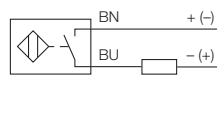
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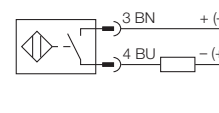
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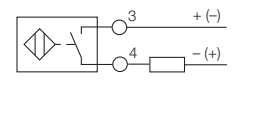
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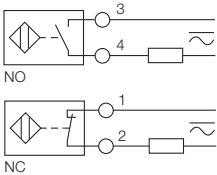
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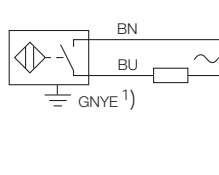
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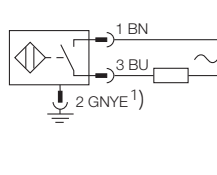
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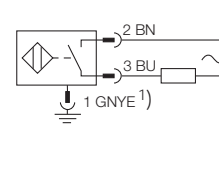
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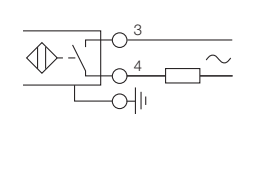
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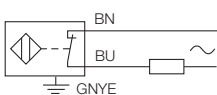
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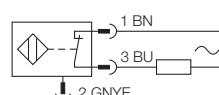
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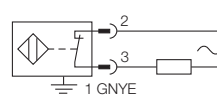
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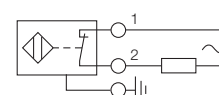
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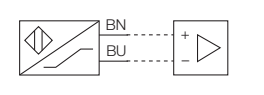
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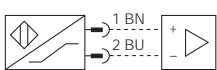
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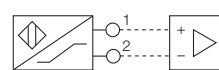
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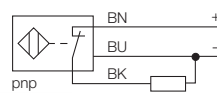
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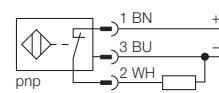
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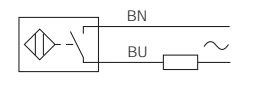
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(S056)



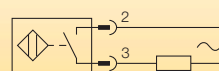
(S092)



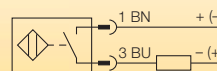
(S094)



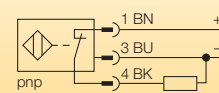
(S152)



(S155)



(S175)



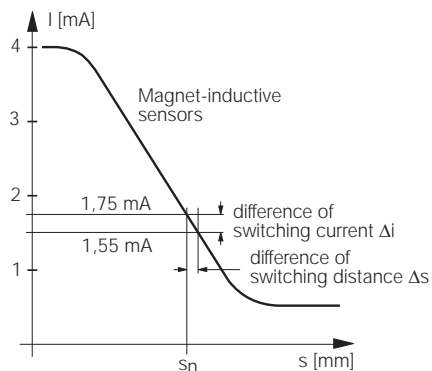
General information – Capacitive sensors

NAMUR sensors according to EN 60947-5-6

NAMUR sensors according to EN 60947-5-6 are polarised 2-wire sensors which change their internal resistance depending on the distance from the sensor (constant distance/current characteristic). They are designed for connection to external switching amplifiers which convert the current changes into a binary output signal.

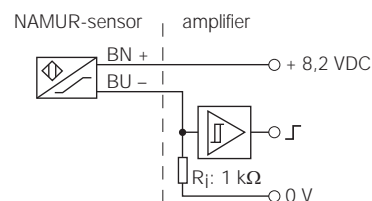
Advantages of NAMUR sensors

- Combined with suitably approved switching amplifiers NAMUR sensors can be used in explosion hazardous areas.
- The switching amplifier allows the implementation of a permanent wire-breakage and short-circuit monitoring.
- Sensors with a NAMUR output are also suitable for the detection of rapid movements and high speeds. Compared to sensors of the same type, NAMUR sensors enable higher switching frequencies.



Nominal operating values

- The nominal operating values are defined in EN 60947-5-6 as follows:
 $U_0 = 8.2 \text{ VDC}$ $I_{\text{activated}} \leq 1.2 \text{ mA}$
 $R_i = 1000 \Omega$ $I_{\text{not activated}} \geq 2.1 \text{ mA}$
- TURCK NAMUR sensors are specified precisely in the middle of the "NAMUR window" at 1.55 mA for s_n and 1.75 mA at $s_n + \Delta s$ (see characteristics).
- Reverse polarity protected
- Hysteresis $H = 1 \dots 10 \%$
- Temperature drift
 $< \pm 10 \%$ (normal temperature range $-20 \dots +70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)
 $< \pm 20 \%$ (extended temperature range $-40 / -25 \dots +100 / 120 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)
- Repeat accuracy $R < 2 \%$



Switching status indication (LED)

- The special operating principle of inductive sensors with a NAMUR output means that they have an inverted LED function: The LED is not lit when the sensor is damped but when it is undamped. This is because only a very low current is present (NAMUR curve) when damped, which is insufficient to activate an LED. In the undamped state, however, sufficient current is available for the LED.

Ambient conditions

- Protection degree (IEC 60529/ EN 60529) IP67
- Pollution degree 3
- Shock resistance $30 \times g$ (11 ms)
- Vibration resistance 55 Hz (1 mm)

Application in Ex areas

When used in Ex areas (hazardous areas) NAMUR sensors must be connected to approved switching amplifiers with intrinsically safe control circuits. TURCK offers a wide range of EX approved amplifiers in the *interfacemodul*, *multisafe*® and *multicart*® housing styles:

- Supply and evaluation via externally approved switching amplifiers Coding: ...-Y1.-...
- Protection type EEx ia IIC T4...T6 (approved for use in Ex areas; EC type examination certificate to EN 50020 and EN 50014 (EN 60079-0); approval to Directive 94/9/EC, KEMA 02 ATEX 1090 X)
- Prevention of static charge with sensor types CA40, CK40, CP40, CP80, DSU26, DSU35, K40, K90, MP, Q80
- Mounting conditions as per certificate and operating instructions

Applications in safety-related installations in accordance with IEC 61508

Virtually all NAMUR sensors from the TURCK range are suitable for use in safety systems (including SIL2 according to IEC 61508). This has been certified by a well-established and independent test body (TÜV). The certificate applies to all TURCK sensors with a standard NAMUR output. These sensors are 100 % compatible with all standard NAMUR devices as well as for (safety) PLC systems with NAMUR inputs.

Failure probability (PFDavg)

- 7.00×10^{-6} with 1 year test interval
- 3.50×10^{-6} with 5 year test interval
- Safe failure fraction (SFF) 0.9

Series or parallel connection of NAMUR sensors

Not permissible on TURCK switching amplifiers

Maximum cable length

To determine the maximum permissible cable length, two conditions must be taken into account:

Condition 1: EN 60947-5-6 specifies a maximum cable resistance of $50 \text{ } \Omega$. The maximum cable length can be determined as follows, in combination with the cable cross section:

$$l = R \times Q / d$$

l = max. cable length in m

R = max. resistance in Ω

Q = Cable cross section in mm^2

d = Specific resistance of the

Cable material (0.0175 for copper) in
 $\Omega \times \text{mm}^2 \times \text{m}$

Example of a copper cable with
cable cross section

$$Q = 0.34 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$l = 50 \times 0.34 / 0.0175 = 971 \text{ m}$$

The calculated value must also be divided by two since NAMUR sensors are operated via two cables. This example produces the following maximum cable length:
 $971 / 2 = 485.5 \text{ m}$

Note: Bear in mind that this calculation does not take into account any additional resistances such as from corrosion or transient resistances at the Terminal chambers!

Condition 2:

If the sensor is operated in an explosion hazardous area, the maximum inductance and capacitance must also be taken into account. The relevant values are stated on the data sheets of the NAMUR sensors and switching amplifiers.

Example:

– Isolating switching amplifier

IM1-22Ex-R:

$C_{\text{max}} 830 \text{ nF}$; $L_{\text{max}} 5 \text{ mH}$ (for EEx ia IIC)

– Sensor Bi5-EG18SK-Y1X: $C_i = 150 \text{ nF}$;

$L_j = 150 \text{ } \mu\text{H}$

The following values for the cable are calculated by subtracting the values for the switching amplifier and sensor:

$$C = 680 \text{ nF} ; L = 4,85 \text{ mH.}$$

Cable suppliers usually state the values for inductance and capacitance per metre. For this 110 nF/km and 1 mH/km are guide values for the inductance and capacitance of the cables.

For example, the basis for these guide values can be used to calculate the following maximum cable lengths:

max. cable length at 110 nF/km :

$$680 \text{ nF} / 110 \text{ nF} = 6.18 \text{ km}$$

max. cable length at 1 mH/km :

$$4.85 \text{ mH} / 1 \text{ mH} = 4.85 \text{ km}$$

The maximum permissible cable length is the lowest value calculated taking both conditions into account. In this example the following values were determined:

– Condition 1

Cable resistance: 485.5 m

– Condition 2

a) Inductance of the cable: 6.18 km

b) Capacitance of the cable: 4.85 km

The maximum cable length in this example 485.5 m taking both conditions into account.

General information – Capacitive sensors

Sensors with transistor output, 3/4 wire DC

Advantages

- Very low OFF-state current
- Easy connection to relays or PLC
- Series or parallel connection possible

Power supply

- Operating voltage U_B 10...30 VDC
- 10...55 VDC or 10...65 VDC
- Ripple W_{ss} 10 %

Switching output

- Normally open (N.O.) or normally closed (N.C.) for 3-wire sensors
- Complementary for 4-wire sensors
- Cyclical short-circuit protection (Overload trip point $> I_e + 20$ mA) with devices with the symbol \ddot{o} in the operating current column
- Wire breakage protected
- Fully reverse-polarity protected

- Off-state current $I_r < 0.1$ mA
- Voltage drop $U_d < 1.8$ V
- Si...K08/K10: < 0.7 V
- Bi/Ni.../S34: < 2.5 V
- Hysteresis H: 3...15 %
- Temperature drift
 - $< \pm 10$ % (normal temperature range -25...+70 °C)
 - $< \pm 15$ % *uprox*[®] and *uprox*[®]+ with a temperature range -30...+85 °C
 - $< \pm 20$ % (extended temperature range -40/-25...+100/120 °C)
- Repeat accuracy: $R < 2$ %
- Bi0,8-Q5SE-AP/AN... < 5 %
- Utilisation category 13
- Rated insulation voltage U_i 0.5 kV
- Rated conditional short-circuit current 100 A

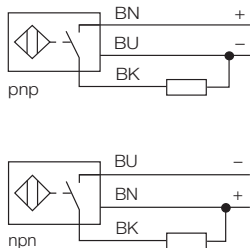
Ambient conditions

- Degree of protection (IEC 60529/EN 60529) IP67/IP68/IP69K (according to sensor type)
- Pollution degree 3
- Shock resistance 30 x g (11 ms)
- Vibration resistance 55 Hz (1 mm)

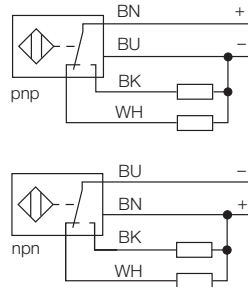
Series or parallel connection

- When sensors are connected in series, the voltage drops and the time delays of the individual sensors must be added up.

3-wire DC

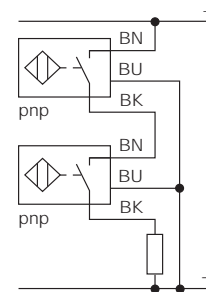


4-wire DC



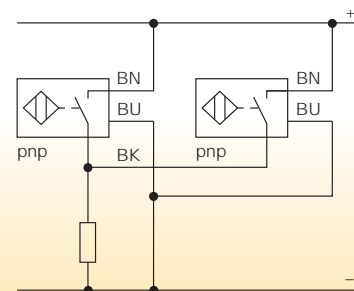
3-wire DC

Series connection



3-wire DC

Parallel connection



2-wire AC

Advantages

- Only two connection cables
- Can be connected to DC and AC voltage
- Short-circuit protected (types ADZ, RDZ, FDZ)

Supply voltage

- Operating voltage U_B 20...250 VAC

Switching function

- Normally open (N.O.)
Coding: ... AZ
- Normally closed (N.C.)
Coding: ... RZ
- Normally open (N.O.) or normally closed (N.C.)
connection programmable
Coding: ... FZ
- Off-state current $I_r \leq 1.7$ mA (AC)
 ≤ 1.5 mA (DC)
- Voltage drop $U_d < 6 V_{rms}$
- Hysteresis H 3...15 %
- Temperature drift
< ± 10 % (normal temperature range -25...+70 °C)
< ± 20 % (extended temperature range -40/-25...+100/120 °C)
- Repeat accuracy R < 2 %
- Utilisation category AC 140/DC 13
- Rated insulation voltage
 $U_i = 1.5$ kV
- Rated conditional short-circuit current 100 A

Ambient conditions

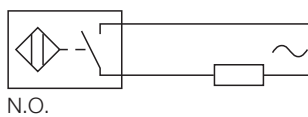
- Protection degree (IEC 60529/EN 60529) IP67
- Pollution degree 3
- Shock resistance $30 \times g$ (11 ms)
- Vibration resistance 55 Hz (1 mm)

Series connection of 2-wire AC/DC sensors

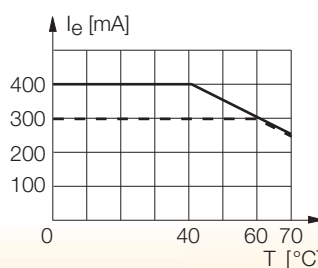
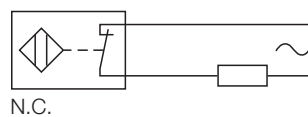
Normally open: AND configuration
Normally closed: NOR configuration

When sensors are series connected, voltage drops of the individual sensors must be added up. This reduces the usable voltage at the load. Care must be taken not to undershoot the minimum admissible supply voltage at the load (take main supply fluctuations into account).

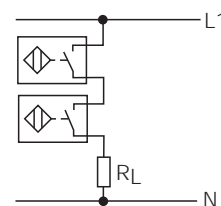
2-wire AC, normally open



2-wire AC, normally closed



Series connection 2-wire AC sensors



General information – Capacitive sensors

2-wire AC sensors

Series connection of mechanical switches with AC sensors

The open contact interrupts the power supply for the sensor. If the mechanical contact is closed if the sensor is damped, a temporary malfunction may occur. The time delay of the ($t \leq 80$ ms) of the sensor prevents immediate switching.

Recommendation: A resistor, connected in parallel to the mechanical contact, supplies the sensor even when the contact is open so that the time delay before availability no longer has any effect. For 230 VAC the resistance value is approx. $91 \text{ k}\Omega/1 \text{ W}$.

Approximate value:

Approx. $400 \Omega/\text{V}$

Parallel connection of mechanical switches with AC sensors

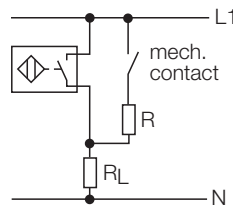
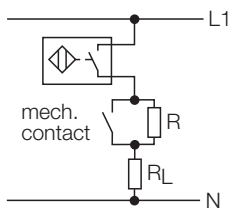
The closed contact short circuits the power supply for the sensor. After the contact opens, the sensor is only operational after the availability time delay ($t \leq 80$ ms) has elapsed.

Recommendation: A resistor in series with the contact is provided to ensure that the minimum power supply voltage for the sensor. This therefore prevents the time delay before availability after the mechanical contact has opened.

Formula for calculating the resistance value:

$$R = 10 \text{ V} / I_{\text{load}} \quad P = I_{\text{load}}^2 \times R$$

Parallel connection with mech. switches



Housing Materials – Plastics

	Material	Characteristics
ABS	Acrylnitril-Butadien-Styrol	Impact resistant, rigid
PA	Polyamide	Good mechanical strength, temperature resistant, PA6/12 approved in the food industry
PBT	Polybutylenterephthalate	High mechanical strength and temperature resistance, good chemical resistance flame-retardant and self-extinguishing (UL94-V0), good (UL94-V0), transparent and UV resistant
PP	Polypropylene	Very good resistance to chemicals, even acids, alkalis and solvents can do little damage. High temperature resistance, high mechanical strength
PUR	Polyurethane	Elastic, abrasion-proof, impact resistant; oil, grease and solvent tolerant
PVC	Polyvinyl chloride	Good mechanical strength, impact resistant, resistant to chemicals
PVDF	Polyvinylidenfluoride	Resistant to high temperatures, good resistance to chemicals (similar to PTFE), high mechanical strength

Housing Materials – Metals

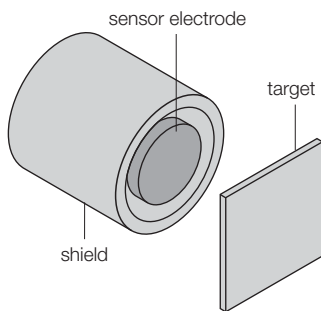
	Metals	Features
CuZn-Cr	Chrome-plated brass	Standard housing material
CuZn-OP	Brass, Optaloy coated	Standard housing material
CuZn-T	Teflon-coated brass	Teflon caps for protection against weld splatter
GD-Al	Aluminium, die-cast	Low specific weight, good strength and durability
GD-Zn	Zinc, die-cast	Good strength and durability

Connection cables for sensors

Cable	Characteristics	Code* (added to the standard type)
PVC cable jacket PVC wire insulation	Standard quality, fine litz-wire construction highly flexible (LifYY)	
PUR Cable jacket PVC wire insulation	Resistant to all industrial oils and lubricants. Fine wire litz-construction, resistant to vibration and bending stress; small bending radius	.../S90

Operating principle

Capacitive Sensors



Capacitive sensors react to metals and non-metals. They are non-contact and isolated sensors. They also detect non-conductive materials and are therefore suitable for applications in which inductive sensors cannot be used.

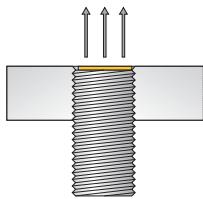
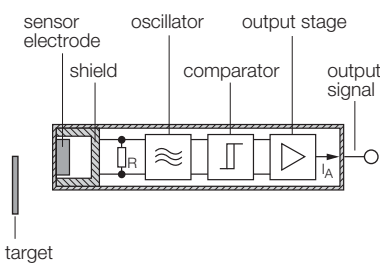
Application examples for capacitive sensors include distance and position measuring, such as the measuring of bending, thickness, level, eccentricity, concentricity, distortion, wear and vibrations.

Construction and functions

The active element of a capacitive sensor is a sensor electrode and a shield. These two electrodes form a capacitor.

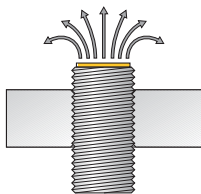
When a target approaches (metallic or non-metallic object) the capacitance within the electrical field of this capacitor changes, i.e. the capacitor of the RC oscillator circuit is arranged so that its capacitance increases when an object approaches (capacitance change ΔC).

The oscillator is adjusted so that it can only be oscillated by this capacitance change. This oscillation when an object approaches is detected by a comparator and output via the output stage.



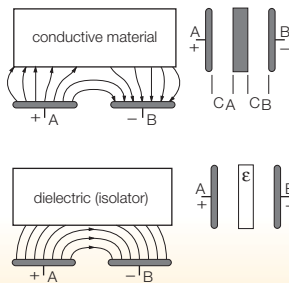
Flush version

These sensors generate a straight electrical field. They can detect solid materials (e.g. plastic blocks and plates, cartons, stacks of paper, bottles, chips) from a distance or liquid through a glass or plastic partition.



Non-flush version

These sensors generate a conical electrical field. They are designed to contact the product to be detected (such as granulate, oil or water) with their active surface.



Influencing factors

Capacitive sensors are also used to detect non-conductive materials such as plastic, wood, glass etc.

Targets made from conductive material form a counter electrode to the sensor electrode which generate two capacitances C_A and C_B with the electrode surfaces A and B , which are connected in series.

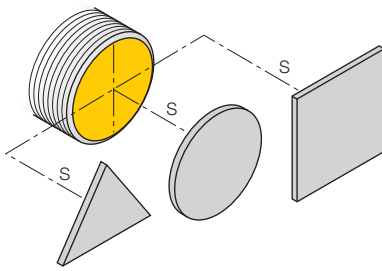
The capacitance of this series connection is always larger than the capacitance of the uncovered electrodes A and B .

Due to their high conductivity, metals achieve the largest switching distances. Reduction factors must not be considered. Non-conductive targets (isolators), placed between the electrodes of a capacitor, have an increased switching distance depending on the dielectric constant ϵ_r .

The dielectric constant of all liquid and solid materials is always higher than that of air. The higher the number the greater the achievable distance.

With organic materials (wood, grain etc.) the obtainable switching distance largely depends on their water content.

Capacitive Sensors

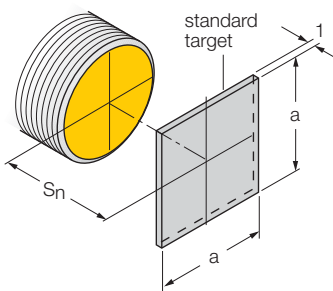


Switching distance S

It is the distance between the active sensor surface and the object at which the signal changes when the object approaches.

The switching distance of capacitive sensors depends on the following:

- the sensor diameter
- the material of the approaching body
- the mass of the approaching body
- the type of mounting (flush/non-flush)



Nominal switching distance S_n

The nominal switching distance describes the maximum distance that a standard target may have in order to trigger a switch operation.

This is purely a characteristic value for which production tolerances, temperature or voltage deviations are not taken into account.

The standard target has a rectangular shape with a thickness of 1 mm and is made from St37. The length of edge "a" corresponds to $3 \cdot S_n$. The target must be earthed in order to ensure comparable switching distances.

Properties of capacitive sensors:

- **Non-contact detection of metals and non-metals**
- **Large switching distances (adjustable)**
- **Short-circuit and reverse polarity protection**
- **Connector, cable connection and terminal chamber**
- **Plastic, metal or Dyflor housing types**
- **EMC protection (high EMC immunity)**
- **ESD resistant**
- **New background suppression**
- **LED switch status indication**
- **Degree of protection up to IP67**

General information – Capacitive sensors

Influence of environmental conditions

Ambient temperature sensitivity

TURCK capacitive sensors are temperature resistant with a range from -25 to +70 °C. Normally with slightly higher temperature drifts than that of inductive sensors ($\leq 0.2 s_r$ for $s_r < s_n$).

Influence by earthing

A slight increase in switching distance occurs when targets made of conductive materials are connected to the earth potential ($\leq 0.2 \times s_r$). Adjustment of the sensitivity control can be used to compensate this effect.

Humidity, dew, ice

In practice, sensors can be affected by moisture, dew, ice etc. causing false switching. To combat this effect, each sensor is provided with a compensating electrode which forms part of a negative feedback circuit.

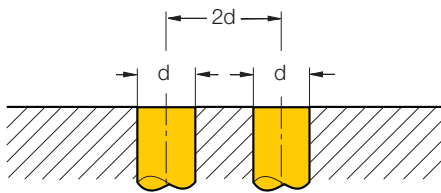
In some cases, the humidity compensation may be oversensitive. For example, a single sheet of paper can be detected from a certain distance, but the compensation may operate if the paper is brought too near to the active face. This "slight influence" is felt as a disturbance and the switch command is neutralized.

Mounting and installation

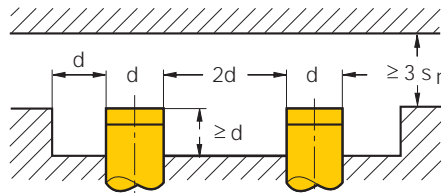
Mounting

All capacitive sensors manufactured by TURCK incorporate an internal metal shield which ensures that the electrical field is only effective in front of the active face. They are therefore suitable for flush mounting in any material – conductive & non-conductive (exception NC50-CP80 and NC20-KT34). When sensors are flush mounted, the effect on the switching distance is minimal and can be corrected by means of the potentiometer. In the non-flush mounting mode the admissible switching distance is increased by 50 % compared to flush-mounting.

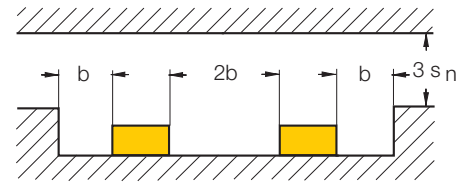
Minimum separation distances to avoid the possibility of "cross-talk"



Flush mounting of cylindrical sensors

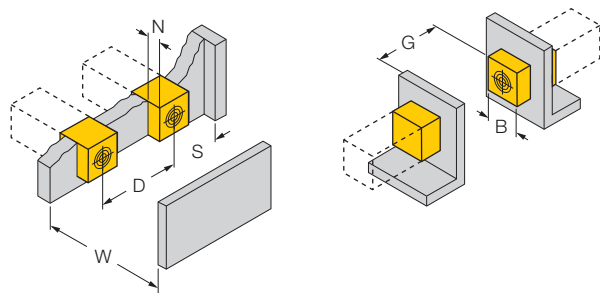


Non-flush mounting of cylindrical sensors



Non-flush mounting of rectangular sensors

Housing type CP40



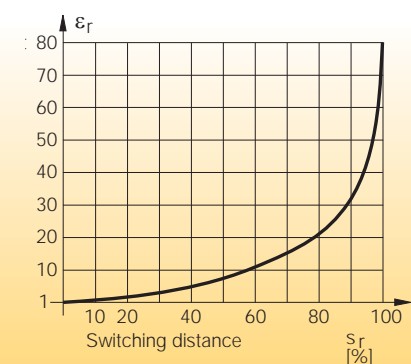
Mounting guidelines CP40:

Distance D = 80 mm
 Distance W = 60 mm
 Distance S = 40 mm
 Distance G = 120 mm
 Width of active surface 40 mm

Switching distance and dielectric constant

As illustrated by the graph, the switching distance (s_r) depends on the dielectric constant (ϵ_r) of the target. The maximum switching distance (100 %) is achieved with metal targets; with other materials the switching distance is reduced relative to target's dielectric constant.

Table 1 shows the dielectric constants of some important materials. The constant for wood varies due to the high dielectric constant of water. Therefore, it is easier for capacitive sensors to detect damp than dry wood.



Adjustment guidelines

Basic adjustment

The majority of TURCK capacitive sensors have a twenty-turn helical potentiometer for fine adjustment of the switching distance. During manufacturing, the range is set to $0.7 \dots 0.8 S_n$ using an earthed square steel target measuring $3 \times s_n$. All Technical Data is based on this target.

When sensing targets with a low dielectric constant (paper, glass) the sensitivity can be increased by rotating the potentiometer clockwise. It should be noted that

any such increase produces a very critical switching point that can be influenced by environmental changes (e.g. temperature, humidity, dust, etc.) or it may stay continuously switched after a single actuation.

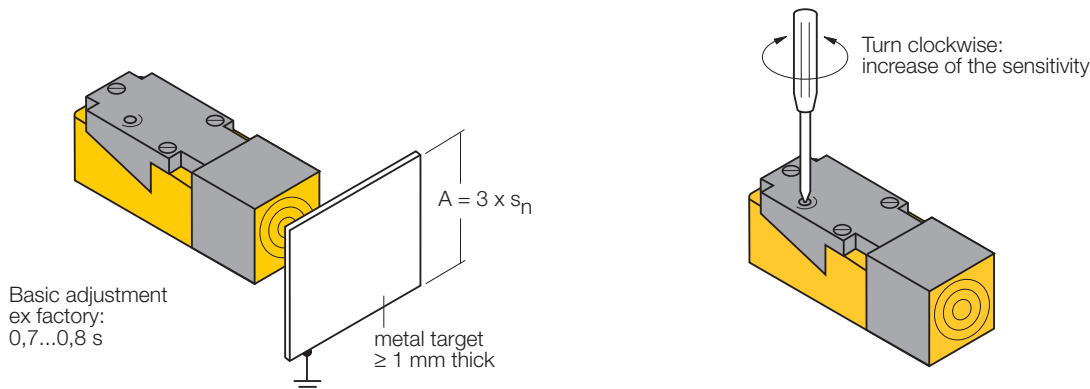
If in doubt, it is recommended that tests are carried out using an earthed target (as mentioned above). Adjustments up to $s_r \leq 1.2 s_n$ for flush mounting and $s_r \leq 1.5 s_n$ for non-flush mounting are not considered critical.

Note:

Adjustments $s_r \geq s_n$ can considerably increase the switching hysteresis.

Serial adjustment

A reference measurement should be carried out using an earthed standard target when a large number of capacitive sensors have to be adjusted for the same target. Having established the switching distance of the first proximity sensor, the remaining sensors can be adjusted accordingly.



Dielectric constants of different materials

Air. vacuum	1	Perspex	3.2
Teflon	2	Araldite	3.6
Wood	2...7	Bakelite	3.6
Paraffin	2.2	Quartz glass	3.7
Petroleum	2.2	Hard rubber	4
Turpentine	2.2	Oil-impregnated paper	4
Transformer oil	2.2	Presipan	4
Paper	2.3	Porcelain	4.4
Polyethylene	2.3	Hard paper	4.5
Polypropylene	2.3	Quartz sand	4.5
Cable sealing compound	2.5	Glass	5
Soft rubber	2.5	Polyamide	5
Silicone	2.8	Glimmer	6
Polyvinyl chloride	2.9	Marble	8
Polystyrol	3	Alcohol	25.8
Celluloid	3	Water	80

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BC3-M12-AP6X/S90/3GD	65	BC10-M30-RZ3X	55	BC20-Q20-AP4X2-H1141	41
BC3-M12-RP6X	35	BC10-M30-RZ3X-B3131	59	BC20-Q20-RP4X2	41
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BC3-S12-AP6X	29	BC10-M30-VN4X-H1141	37	BC20-Q20-RP4X2-V1131	41
BC3-S12-AP6X/S100	53	BC10-M30-VP4X	35	BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X	47
BC3-S12-RP6X/S90/3GD	65	BC10-M30-VP4X-H1141	37	BCF10-Q20L60-AP4X-H1141	47
BC5-M18-AN4X	35	BC10-P30SR-FZ3X2	61	BCF10-S30-AZ3X	57
BC5-M18-AN4X-H1141/S250	35	BC10-P30SR-VN4X2	31	BCF10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	59
BC5-M18-AP4X	35	BC10-P30SR-VP4X2	31	BCF10-S30-RZ3X	59
BC5-M18-AP4X-H1141/S250	35	BC10-P30SR-VP4X2/3GD	65	BCF10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	59
BC5-M18-AZ3X	55	BC10-PT30-VN4X2	51	BCF10-S30-VN4X	49
BC5-M18-AZ3X-B3331/S250	55	BC10-PT30-VP4X2	51	BCF10-S30-VP4X	49
BC5-M18-RP4X	35	BC10-PT30-Y0X	51	BCF10-S30-VP4X-H1141	49
BC5-M18-RP4X-H1141/S250	35	BC10-PT30-Y0X	55	BCF15-K34-AZ3X	49
BC5-M18-RZ3X	55	BC10-Q14-AN4X2	41	BCF15-K34-AZ3X	59
BC5-M18-RZ3X-B3331/S250	55	BC10-Q14-AN4X2-V1131	41	BCF15-K34-RZ3X	49
BC5-Q08-AN6X2/S250	39	BC10-Q14-AP4X2	41	BCF15-K34-RZ3X	61
BC5-Q08-AN6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC10-Q14-AP4X2-V1131	41	BCF5-S18-AN4X	47
BC5-Q08-AP6X2/S250	39	BC10-Q14-RP4X2	41	BCF5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	47
BC5-Q08-AP6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC10-QF5,5-AN6X2	43	BCF5-S18-AP4X	47
BC5-Q08-RP6X2/S250	39	BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2	43	BCF5-S18-AP4X/S90	47
BC5-Q08-RP6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC10-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	43	BCF5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	47
BC5-QF5,5-AP6X2/S250	43	BC10-S30-AZ3X	57	BCF5-S18-RN4X	47
BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	55	BC10-S30-AZ3X-B3131	57	BCF5-S18-RP4X/S90	47
BC5-QF5,5-Y1X/S250	65	BC10-S30-RZ3X	57	BS12	68
BC5-S185-AN4X/S100	53	BC10-S30-RZ3X-B3131	59	BS18	68
BC5-S185-AP4X	51	BC10-S30-VN4X	29	BS34	24
BC5-S185-AP4X/S100	53	BC10-S30-VN4X-H1141	31	BS34.1	68
BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	55	BC10-S30-VP4X	29	BS40	24
BC5-S185-Y0X/S90 4M	63	BC10-S30-VP4X-H1141	31	BSN18	68
BC5-S18-AN4X	29	BC10-S30-VP4X-H1141	49	BSS12	68
BC5-S18-AN4X-H1141/S250	29	BC10-S30-Y1X	55	BSS18	68
BC5-S18-AP4X	29	BC10-PT30-Y0X	63	BSS30	69
BC5-S18-AP4X-H1141/S250	29	BC15-K34-AN4X-H1141	31	BSS-CP40	69
BC5-S18-AZ3X	55	BC15-K34-AP4X-H1141	31	BSS-SPV1	24
BC5-S18-RP4X	29	BC15-K34-AZ3X	59	BSS-SPV2	24
BC5-S18-RP4X-H1141/S250	29	BC15-K34-RZ3X	59	BSS-SPV4	24
BC5-S18-RZ3X	55	BC15-K34SR-FZ3X2	61	BSS-SPV5	24
BC5-S18-Y0X/S100	53	BC15-K34-VN4X	31	BSS-TSM	24
BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	55	BC15-K34-VP4X	31	JS025/037	69
BC5-S18-Y1X/S100	63	BC20-CP40-FZ3X2	61	MAP-K40	25
BC5-S18-Y1X	55	BC20-CP40-VN4X2	45	MAP-M18	25
BC5-S18-Y1X	63	BC20-CP40-VP4X2	45	MAP-M30	25
BC8-Q10-AN6X2/S250	39	BC20-CP40-VP4X2-H1141	45	MH-Q14	69
BC8-Q10-AN6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC20-K40SR-FZ3X2	61	MH-Q20	69
BC8-Q10-AP6X2/S250	39	BC20-K40SR-VN4X2	33	MW-12	69
BC8-Q10-AP6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC20-K40SR-VN4X2-H1141	33	MW-18	70
BC8-Q10-RP6X2/S250	39	BC20-K40SR-VP4X2	33	MW-30	70
BC8-Q10-RP6X2-V1131/S250	39	BC20-Q20-AN4X2	41	MW-Q08/Q10	70

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MW-Q14/Q20	70
NC20-KT34-VN4X2	33
NC20-KT34-VP4X2	33
NC50-CP80-FZ3X2	63
NC50-CP80-VN4X2	43
NC50-CP80-VP4X2	43
NC50-CP80-VP4X2-H1141	43
RK30-2	27
SG40	71
SG40/2	70
SKP3-L/S90	26
SMBDX80DIN	70
SWKP3-L/S90	26
TB-2	71
WAK3-L/Q	26
WAK4.21-L/P00	26
WAK4-L/Q	26
WAK4-L/S398	26
WKB3T-2/S68	27
WWAK3-L/Q	26
WWAK4.21-L/P00	26
WWAK4-L/Q	26
WWAK4-L/S398	26

Special features, materials, symbols – Capacitive sensors

	Special features
É	sensor acc. to EN 60947-5-6 (NAMUR)
É II 1 G	ATEX group II category 1 G
É II 1 D	ATEX group II category 1 D
É II 2 G	ATEX group II category 2 G
É II 3 D	ATEX group II category 3 D
É II 3 G	ATEX group II category 3 G
SIL2	functional safety up to SIL2 (inclusively)

	Materials
ABS	Acrylnitril-Butadien-Styrol
CuZn-Cr	Chrome-plated brass
GD-Zn	Zink-Druckguss
CuZn	Zinc, die-cast
ULTEM	ULTEM (PEI), Polyetherimide
VA	Stainless steel
PA	Polyamide
PBT	Polybutylenterephthalate
PBT-GF20	Polybutylenterephthalate/fibre-optic 20 %
PP	Polypropylene
PVC	Polyvinylchloride
PVDF	Polyvinylidenfluoride

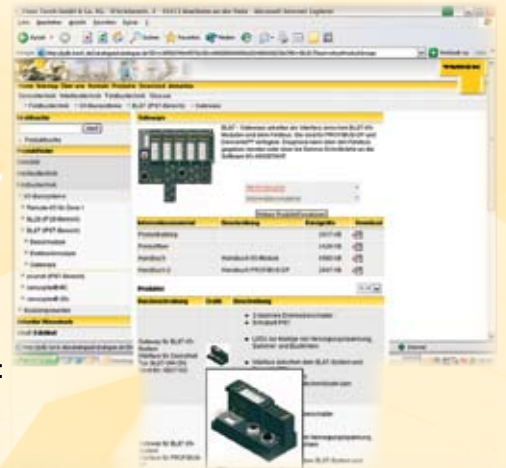
	Symbols
a	flush mounting
b	non-flush mounting
] 	cable
{	connector
}	terminal chamber connection
©	normally open (N.O.)
..	normally closed (N.C.)
a	SPDT contact
ö	short circuit protected
program.	normally closed (N.C.) / normally open (N.O.) programmable via connection
ô	high temperature ranges

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